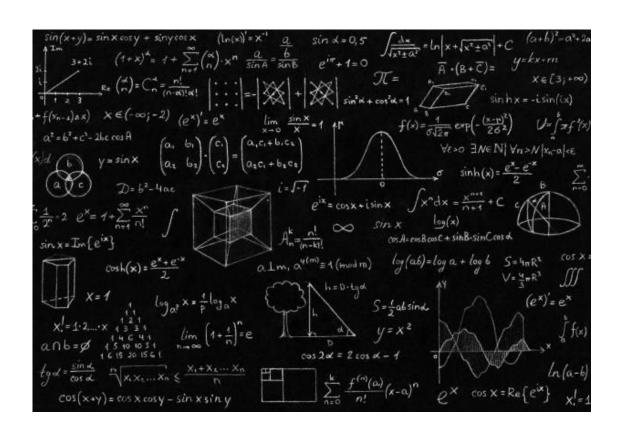
PROGRAMME PROJECT REPORT

Master's in Science (Mathematics) Programme &

Master of Arts (Mathematics) Programme (2 Year Programme in accordance with NEP-2020)





School of Sciences

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1. Master's Degree Programme

The National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 envisions a new vision that enable an individual to study one or more specialized areas of interest at a deep level, and also develop capabilities across a range of disciplines including sciences, social sciences, arts, humanities, languages, as well as professional, technical, and vocational subjects. The NEP 2020 focuses on the formulation of expected learning outcomes for all higher education programmes. It states that "National Higher Education Qualifications Framework (NHEQF)" shall be align with the National Skills Qualifications Framework (NSQF) to ease the integration of vocational education into higher education. It also points out that higher education qualifications leading to a degree/diploma/certificate shall be described by the NHEQF in terms of Outcome Based Education (OBE).

The design of M.Sc.- Mathematics programme in line with NHEQF offers opportunities and avenues to learn core subjects but also to explore additional avenues of learning beyond the core subjects for holistic development of a learner.

The uniform grading system will also enable potential employers in assessing the performance of the learner. In order to bring uniformity in evaluation system and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on learner's performance in examinations, guidelines framed by the UGC are followed. Hence, adoption of NHEQF helps to overcome the gap between university degree and employability by introducing skills and competencies in the graduates.

2. M.Sc.- Mathematics Programme

The structure and duration of postgraduate programme of Master's in Mathematics in accordance with NEP 2020 includes multiple exit options within this period, with appropriate certifications:

- Level 8: a **Bachelor' Degree** (**Research**) for 4 year programme after completing 4th year of 4-year B.Sc. programme **OR PG Diploma in Mathematics** after completing 1st year (2 semesters) of study of M.Sc. programme.
- Level 9: a **Master in Science (Mathematics)** / **Master in Arts (Mathematics)** programme after 2 years (4 semesters) of study;

2.1 Programme Mission & Objectives

In line with the mission of the University to provide flexible learning opportunities to all, particularly to those who could not join regular colleges or universities owing to social, economic and other constraints, the 2-year Post-Graduate Programme in Mathematics aims at providing holistic and value based knowledge and guidance to promote scientific temper in everyday life. The program offers a platform to the learners to fulfill the eligible criteria in various scientific jobs in government and private sector.

The Master of Mathematics Programme aims at the following objectives:

- Develop a broad academic and practical literacy in mathematics, computer science, statistics, and optimization, with relevance in data science, machine learning and artificial intelligence, so that students are able to critically select and apply appropriate methods and techniques to extract relevant and important information from data.
- Provide strong core training so that graduates can adapt easily to changes and new demands from industry.
- Enable students to understand not only how to apply certain methods, but when and why they are appropriate.
- Integrate fields within mathematics, computer science, optimization, and statistics to create adept and well-rounded data scientists.

• Expose students to real-world problems in the classroom and through experiential learning.

These program objectives acknowledge the interdisciplinary of mathematical science and the importance of building a strong foundation with our students.

2.2 Relevance of the Programme with Mission and Goals

The 2-year Post-Graduate Programme in Science, M.Sc./MA- Mathematics is designed with the objective of equipping learners to cope with the emerging trends and challenges in the scientific domain. In congruence with goals of the University, the Programme also focuses to provide skilled manpower to the society to meet global demands. The Programme is designed in such a manner so that a successful learner can go for higher studies as well as join the research and development industries, software industry, mathematics monitoring projects and different (NGOs) organizations.

2.3 Nature of Prospective Target Group of Learners

The Program is targeted to all individuals looking to earn a postgraduation degree for employment, further higher education, promotion in career, professional development.

2.4 Appropriateness of Programme to be conducted in ODL mode to acquire specific skills & competence

	Learning outcomes after Level 8				
Learning Outcome	Elements of the descriptor	Level 8 Bachelor' Degree (Research)			
S	•	OR			
		PG Diploma in Mathematics			
LO 1	Knowledge and understanding	 advanced knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry, with depth in one or more fields of learning within a broad multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary context. a coherent understanding of the established methods and techniques of research and enquiry applicable to the chosen fields of learning. 			
LO 2	Skills required to perform and accomplish tasks	 a range of cognitive and technical skills required for performing and accomplishing complex tasks relating to the chosen fields of learning, cognitive and technical skills relating to the established research methods and techniques, 			
LO 3	Application of knowledge and skills	 apply the acquired advanced technical and/or theoretical knowledge and a range of cognitive and practical skills to analyze the quantitative and qualitative data gathered drawing on a wide range of sources for identifying problems and issues relating to the chosen fields of learning, apply advanced knowledge relating to research methods to carryout research and investigations to formulate evidence-based solutions to complex and unpredictable problems. 			
LO 4	Generic learning outcomes	 listen carefully, read texts and research papers analytically and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/audiences, communicate technical information and explanations, and the findings/results of the research studies relating to specialized fields of learning, present in a concise manner one's views on the relevance and applications of the findings of research and evaluation studies in 			

		the context of emerging developments and issues. • pursue self-paced and self- directed learning to upgrade knowledge and skills that will help accomplish complex tasks and pursue higher level of education and research. • problematize, synthesize and articulate issues and design research proposals, • define problems, formulate appropriate and relevant research questions,	
LO 5	Constitutional, humanistic, ethical and moral values	 embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic, ethical, and moral values in one's life. adopt objective, unbiased, and truthful actions in all aspects of work related to the chosen field(s) of learning and professional practice. 	
LO 6	Employment ready skills, and entrepreneurship skills and mindset	 managing complex technical or professional activities or projects, requiring the exercise of full personal responsibility for output of own work as well as for the outputs of the group as a member of the group/team. exercising supervision in the context of work having unpredictable changes. 	

	Learning outcomes after Level 9			
Learning	Elements of the	Level 9 (Master's in - Mathematics)		
Outcomes	descriptor			
LO 1	Knowledge and understanding	 advanced knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry with a critical understanding of the emerging developments and issues relating to one or more fields of learning, advanced knowledge and understanding of the research principles, methods, and techniques applicable to the chosen fields of learning or professional practice, 		
		 processional practice, procedural knowledge required for performing and accomplishing complex and specialized professional tasks relating to teaching, and research and development. 		
LO 2	Skills required to perform and accomplish tasks	 advanced cognitive and technical skills required for performing and accomplishing complex tasks related to the chosen fields of learning, advanced cognitive and technical skills required for evaluating research findings and designing and conducting relevant research that contributes to the generation of new knowledge, specialized cognitive and technical skills relating to a body of knowledge and practice to analyse and synthesize complex information and problems. 		
LO 3	Application of knowledge and skills	• apply the acquired advanced theoretical and/or technical knowledge about a specialized field of enquiry or professional practice and a range of cognitive and practical skills to identify and analyse problems and issues, including real-life problems, associated with the chosen fields of learning.		
LO 4	Generic learning outcomes	 listen carefully, read texts and research papers analytically and present complex information in a clear and concise manner to different groups/audiences, communicate, in a well-structured manner, technical information and explanations, and the findings/ results of the research studies undertaken in the chosen field of study, meet one's own learning needs relating to the chosen fields of learning, work/vocation, and an area of professional practice, 		

		• pursue self-paced and self- directed learning to upgrade knowledge and skills, including research-related skills, required to pursue higher level of education and research.
LO 5	Constitutional, humanistic, ethical and moral values	 embrace and practice constitutional, humanistic, ethical and moral values in one's life, adopt objective and unbiased actions in all aspects of work related to the chosen fields/subfields of study and professional practice, participate in actions to address environmental protection and sustainable development issues,
LO 6	Employment ready skills, and entrepreneurship skills and mindset	 adapting to the future of work and responding to the demands of the fast pace of technological developments and innovations that drive shift in employers' demands for skills, particularly with respect to transition towards more technology-assisted work involving the creation of new forms of work and rapidly changing work and production processes. exercising full personal responsibility for output of own work as well as for group/ team outputs and for managing work that are complex and unpredictable requiring new strategic approaches.

2.5 Instructional Design

2.5.1 2-year M.Sc./M.A.- Mathematics Programme Structure

The University follows the credit system in all its programmes. One credit is equal to 30 hours of learner's study time which is equivalent to 15 lectures in conventional system. To earn a Master's Degree, a learner has to earn 80 credits in minimum four semesters (two years) with 20 credits per semester. For earning 80 credits, a learner has to go through the following Programme Structure:

Programme Structure of M.Sc./M.A.- Mathematics under NHEOF

Level	Year	Sem	Core Course 1	Core Course 2	Core Course 3	Research component	Practical Lab/ Dissertation with viva voce	Total credit
8	1	1 st	4	4	4	4	4	20
		2 nd	4	4	4	4	4	20
9	2	3 rd	4	4	4	4	4	20
		4 th	4	4	4	4	4	20
Total c	Total credit					80		

Explanation of terms used for categorization of courses:

- A. Course 1 to 4: A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a learner as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.
- B. **Research Component:** The components included in this categories are Basics in Research (PGBR-01), Mini Project (PGMP-02), Basic Research Tools (PGRT-03).
- C. **Practical Lab:** Lab based on theory courses for implementing the algorithms discussed in theory papers.
- D. Industrial Training/ Survey/ Research Project/ Field Work/Apprenticeship/ Dissertation/Internship: A course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a learner studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a counsellor/faculty member.

2.5.2 Course curriculum: The details of syllabus is given in Appendix-I

2.5.3 Language of Instruction: English. However, learner can write assignment and give Term End Examination (TEE) either in Hindi or English.

2.5.4 Duration of the Programme

Minimum duration in years: 02 Maximum duration in years: 04

2.5.5 Faculty & Support Staff

Professor (1), Assistant Professor/academic Consultant (4) and support staff (3)

2.6 Instructional Delivery Mechanisms

The Open University system is more learner-oriented, and the student is an active participant in the teaching-learning process. Most of the instructions are imparted through distance rather than face-to-face communication.

The University follows a multi-media approach for instruction. It comprises of:

- self-instructional printed material (Self Learning Material)
- audio and video lectures
- face-to-face counselling
- assignments
- laboratory work
- Project work in some courses
- teleconference/web conference
- Web Enabled Academic Support Portal
- e-GYANSANGAM (Open Educational Repository): http://gyansangam.uprtou.ac.in
- e-GYANARJAN: Its a Learning Management System based on Moodle (http://gyanarjan.uprtou.ac.in) to aid the learner through web conferencing, sharing of learning resources, counselling classes etc.

2.6.1 Self-Learning Material

The Self Learning Material (SLMs) are prepared in line with the UGC guidelines on preparation of SLMs. The prepared study materials are self-instructional in nature.

The course material is divided into blocks. Each block contains a few units. Lessons, which are called Units, are structured to facilitate self-study. The units of a block have similar nature of contents. The first page of each block indicates the numbers and titles of the units comprising the block. In the first block of each course, we start with course introduction. This is followed by a brief introduction to the block. After the block introduction, emphasis is given on contribution of ancient Indian knowledge into that specific course. Next, each unit begins with an introduction to talk about the contents of the unit. The lists of objectives are outlined to expect the learning based outcome after working through the unit. This is followed by the main body of the unit, which is divided into various sections and subsections. Each unit is summarized with the main highlights of the contents.

Each unit have several "Check Your Progress" Questions and Terminal Questions /exercises. These questions help the learner to assess his/her understanding of the subject contents. At the end of units, additional references/books/suggested online weblink for MOOCs/Open Educational Resources for additional reading are suggested.

2.6.2 Audio and Video lectures

Apart from SLM, audio and video lectures have been prepared for some courses. The audio-video material is supplementary to print material. The video lectures are available at YouTube channel of university(https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCj2XTEB6iCZwwIqmKw_jzYg).

2.6.3 Counselling Classes

The face to face (F2F) counselling classes are conducted at head quarter and study centers. The purpose of such a contact class is to answer some of questions and clarify the doubts of learner which may not be possible through any other means of communication. Well

experienced counsellors at study centers provide counselling and guidance to the learner in the courses that (s)he has chosen for study. The counselling sessions for each of the courses will be held at suitable intervals throughout the whole academic session. The time table for counselling classes are displayed at head quarter as well as by the coordinator of study center, however, attending counselling sessions is not compulsory. It is noted that to attend the counselling sessions, learner has to go through the course materials and note down the points to be discussed as it is not a regular class or lectures.

2.6.4 Assignments

The purpose of assignments is to test the comprehension of the learning material that learner receives and also help to get through the courses by providing self-feedback to the learner. The course content given in the SLM will be sufficient for answering the assignments.

Assignments constitute the continuous evaluation component of a course. The assignments are available at the SLM section of the home page of university website. In any case, learner has to submit assignment before appearing in the examination for any course. The assignments of a course carry 30% weightage while 70% weightage is given to the termend examination (TEE). The marks obtained by learner in the assignments will be counted in the final result. Therefore, It is advised to take assignments seriously. However, there will be no written assignments for Lab courses.

2.6.5 Laboratory Work

Laboratory courses are an integral component of the M.Sc. programme. While designing the curricula for laboratory courses, particular care has been taken to weed out experiments not significant to the present-day state of the discipline. Importance has been given to the utility of an experiment with respect to real life experience, development of experimental skills, and industrial applications. It is planned to phase the laboratory courses during suitable periods (such as summer or autumn vacations) so that in-service persons can take them without difficulty. Laboratory courses worth 2 credits will require full-time presence of the student at the Study Centre for one week continuously. During this time a student has to work for around 60 hours. Around 40 hours would be spent on experimental work and the remaining time will be used for doing calculations, preparations of records, viewing or listening to the video/audio programmes.

2.6.6 Teleconference/Web conference

Teleconference/web conference, using done through ZOOM/webex in form of online special counselling sessions is another medium to impart instruction to and facilitate learning for a distance learner. The students concerned would be informed about the teleconferencing schedule and the place where it is to be conducted by sending bulk SMS.

2.6.7 Web Enabled Academic Support Portal

The University also provide Web Enabled Academic Support Portal to access the course materials, assignments, and other learning resources.

2.6.8 e-GYANSANGAM

The e-GYAMSANGAM (UPRTOU-OER REPOSITORY) is an open access platform for educational resources that rely on the concept of 5Rs namely; Reuse, Revise, Remix, Retain and Redistribute. Uttar Pradesh Rajarshi Tandon Open University in support with Commonwealth Educational Media Centre for Asia initiated the implementation of philosophy behind the NEP-2020 to provide equitable use of technology to support learners (SDG4). This not only ensure inclusive and equitable quality education opportunities but also provide faculty to repurpose high quality open educational resources (OER) such that innovative, interactive and collaborative learning environment is built. UPRTOU believes the philosophy of Antyoday (reaching to last person of the society) and facilitate the learner by providing Self Learning Materials, Lecture Notes, Audio/video Lectures, Assignments, Course materials etc. through face-to-face mode as well as distance mode. This e-GYANSANGAM depository will fulfill the educational facilities through equitable use of

technology to the learners.

Objectives

- To provide low-cost access model for learners. To foster the policy of reaching to unreached.
- To break down barriers of affordability and accessibility of educational resources.
- To give faculty the ability to customize course materials for learners.
- To provide equal access to affordable technical, vocational and higher education resources (SDG 4.3).
- To provide ubiquitous access to anyone. This will facilitate the quick availability of educational resources and reduces time.
- To supplement Self Learning Material (SLM).
- To reduce the mentor-mentee gap as depository provide access to number of local access as well as global access to educational resources.
- **2.6.9** e-GYANARJAN: It's a Learning Management System based on Moodle (http://gyanarjan.uprtou.ac.in) to aid the learner through web conferencing, sharing of learning resources, counselling classes etc.

2.6.10 Learner Support Service Systems

(a) Study Centre

A Study Centre has following major functions:

- (i) Counselling: Counselling is an important aspect of Open University System. Face to face contact-cum-counselling classes for the courses will be provided at the Study Centre. The detailed programme of the contact-cum-counselling sessions will be sent to the learner by the Coordinator of the Study Centre. In these sessions learner will get an opportunity to discuss with the Counsellors his/her problems pertaining to the courses of study.
- (ii) **Evaluation of Assignments:** The evaluation of Tutor Marked Assignments (TMA) will be done by the Counsellors at the Study Centre. The evaluated assignments will be returned to the learner by the Coordinator of Study Centre with tutor comments and marks obtained in TMAs. These comments will help the learner in his/her studies.
- (iii) **Library:** Every Study Centre will have a library having relevant course materials, reference books suggested for supplementary reading prepared for the course(s).
- (iv) **Information and Advice:** The learner will be given relevant information about the courses offered by the University. Facilities are also provided to give him/her guidance in choosing courses.
- (v) **Interaction with fellow-students:** In the Study Centre learner will have an opportunity to interact with fellow students. This may lead to the formation of self-help groups.

(b) Learner Support Services (LSS)

The University has formed an LSS cell at the head quarter. The LSS cell coordinate with the Study Centre to get rid of any problem faced by the learner.

2.7 Procedure for admissions, curriculum transaction and evaluation

2.7.1 Admission Procedure

- (a) The detailed information regarding admission will be given on the UPRTOU website and on the admission portal. Learners seeking admission shall apply online.
- **(b)** Direct admission to 2-year M.Sc. / **M.A.** (Mathematics) program is offered to the interested candidates.
- (c) Eligibility: Bachelor degree in concerned subject (B.Sc.-Mathematics OR Any 4 year Graduate Degree in Mathematics OR B.Tech. (CS/IT/EC etc.)
- **2.7.2 Programme Fee:** Rs. 12000 / year. The fee is deposited through online admission portal only.

2.7.3 **Evaluation**

The evaluation consists of two components: (1) continuous evaluation through assignments, and (2) term-end examination. Learner must pass both in continuous evaluation as well as in the term-end examination of a course to earn the credits assigned to that course. For each course there shall be one written Terminal Examination. The evaluation of every course shall be in two parts that is 30% internal weightage through assignments and 70% external weightage through terminal exams.

(a) Theory course	Max. Marks
Terminal Examination	70
Assignment	30
Total	100
(b) Practical course:	Max. Marks
Terminal Practical Examination	100
arks of Terminal Practical Examination shall	be awarded as per following scheme:
i. Write up /theory work	30

30 ii. Viva-voce iii. Execution/Performance/Demonstration 20 20 Lab Record iv.

The following 10-Point Grading System for evaluating learners' achievement is used for CBCS programmes:

10-Point Grading System in the light of UGC-CBCS Guidelines

Letter Grade	Grade Point	% Range
O (Outstanding)	10	91-100
A+ (Excellent)	9	81-90
A (Very Good)	8	71-80
B+ (Good)	7	61-70
B (Above Average)	6	51-60
C (Average)	5	41-50
P (Pass)	4	36-40
NC (Not Completed)	0	0-35
Ab (Absent)	0	
Q	Qualified	Applicable only for Non-Credit
NQ	Not Qualified	courses

Learner is required to score at least a 'P' grade (36% marks) in both the continuous evaluation (assignments) as well as the term-end examination. In the overall computation also, learner must get at least a 'P' grade in each course to be eligible for the M. Sc. degree.

Computation of CGPA and SGPA

(a) Following formula shall be used for calculation of CGPA and SGPA

For jth semester	where,
SGPA (Sj) = Σ (Ci *Gi)/ Σ Ci	Ci = number of credits of the ith course in jth semester Gi= grade point scored by the learner in the ith course in jth semester.
$CGPA = \sum (Cj *Sj) / \sum Cj$	where, Sj = SGPA of the jth semester Cj = total number of credits in the jth semester

The CGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off up to the two decimal points. (For e.g., if a learner obtained 7.2345, then it will be written as 7.23 or if s(he) obtained 7.23675 then it be will written as 7.24)

CGPA will be converted into percentage according to the following formula:

Equivalent Percentage = CGPA * 9.5

(b) Award of Division

The learner will be awarded division according to the following table:

Division	Classification
1st Division	6.31 or more and less than 10 CGPA
2 nd Division	4.73 or more and less than 6.31 CGPA
3 rd Division	3.78 or more and less than 4.73 CGPA

2.7.4 Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit options

The 2-year M.Sc. programme is an Outcome-Based Education (OBE) for qualifications of different types. The qualification types and examples of title/nomenclature for qualifications within each type are indicated in Table 1.

ui c	are murcated in Table 1.						
	Table 1						
Level	Qualification Programme duration		Entry Option	Exit option			
	title						
	B.Sc.	Programme duration:	Bachelor degree in concerned	Exit Awarded with			
8	(Research) OR	First year (first two	subject (B.Sc. (Mathematics	Bachelor' Degree			
	PG Diploma in	semesters) of the	OR Any 4 year Graduate	(Research) for 4 year			
	Mathematics	M.Sc. programme	Degree in Mathematics OR	programme OR			
			B.Tech. (CS/IT/EC etc.)	Exit awarded with PG			
				Diploma in			
				Mathematics			
	Master in	Programme duration:	B.Sc. (Research) OR PG	Exit awarded with			
9	(Mathematics)	First two years (first	Diploma in Mathematics	Master's in			
		four semesters) of the obtained after completing the		(Mathematics)			
		of the M.Sc.	first year (two semesters) of				
		programme	the M.Sc. / M.A.				
			Mathematics programme.				

2.8 Requirement of the laboratory support and Library Resources

The practical sessions are held in the science laboratories of the Study Centre. In these labs, the learner will have the facility to use the equipment and consumables relevant to the syllabus. The SLM, supplementary text audio and video material of the various courses of the program is available through the online study portal of the University. The University also have a subscription of National Digital Library to provide the learners with the ability to enhance access to information and knowledge of various courses of the programme.

2.9 Cost estimate of the programme and the provisions

2-year M.Sc./M.A. programme consists of 18 theory courses, and (basic research, mini and major project, and Dissertation) research activities. One course is of 4 credits which consists of approx. 12 units. The total approximated expenditure on the development of 15 courses is:

S.	Item	Cost per Unit	Total cost
No.		(writing & editing)	(Rs.)
1	Total no. of units in 18 courses = 18*12=216	5000	1080000
2	BOS Meetings etc.	100000	100000
		Total	1180000

2.10 Quality assurance mechanism and expected programme outcomes

(a) **Quality assurance mechanism:** The program structure is developed under the guidance of the Board of studies comprising external expert members of the concerned subjects followed by the School board. The program structure and syllabus is approved by the Academic Council of the University. The course structure and syllabus is reviewed time to time according to the feedback received from the stakeholders and societal needs.

The Centre for Internal Quality Assurance will monitor, improve and enhance effectiveness of the program through the following:

- ✓ Annual academic audit
- ✓ Feedback analysis for quality improvement
- ✓ Regular faculty development programs
- ✓ Standardization of learning resources
- ✓ Periodic revision of program depending upon the changing trends by communicating to the concerned school

(b) Expected programme outcomes (POs)

Knowledge	PO1	Apply knowledge of a wide range of mathematics and scientific	
and		computing techniques to solve complex scientific and real-life	
understanding		problem.	
Skills related	PO 2	To develop the problem-solving skills and apply them	
to		independently in pure and applied mathematics, statistics and	
specialization		computer science.	
Application	PO 3	To provide students with strong mathematical knowledge and	
of knowledge		capability in formulating & analysis of real-life problem using	
and skills		modern tools of mathematics.	
	PO 4	To provide knowledge and insight in mathematics so that	
		students can work as excellent mathematical professional.	
Generic	PO 5	To prepare the students to as per the need of software industry	
learning		through knowledge of mathematics and scientific computational	
outcomes		techniques.	
	PO 6	To prepare and motivate the students to pursue their higher	
		studies and conduct fundamental and applied research for the	
		welfare of society and mankind	

Newly Introduced programme : Yes		
Programme:	Master in Science/Master of Arts	
Year: NA	First Introduction year:2023	
Programme prerequisites: Bachelor degree in concerned subject (B.ScMathematics OR		
Any 4 year Graduate Degree in Mathematics OR B.Tech. (CS/IT/EC etc.)		

Academic Year 2023-24 Detailed Programme Structure & Syllabus

M.Sc. /M.A. (Mathematics) (MSCMM/MAMM)

Year	Semester	Course Code	Title of Papers	Credit	Max. Marks
		MSCMM-101N/MAMM-101N	Advanced Real Analysis and	4	100
			Integral Equations		
		MSCMM-102N/ MAMM-102N	Classical Optimization Techniques	4	100
	4.04.00	MSCMM-103N/ MAMM-103N	Discrete Mathematics	4	100
	1 st SEM	MSCMM-104N/ MAMM-104N	Numerical Analysis	4	100
		PGBR-01	Basic in Research	4	100
1	Total Credit of 1st Semester			20	500
		MSCMM-106N/ MAMM-106N	Advanced Algebra	4	100
		MSCMM-107N/ MAMM-107N	Complex Analysis	4	100
		MSCMM-108N/ MAMM-108N	Mathematical Statistics	4	100
		MSCMM-109N/ MAMM-109N	Topology	4	100
	2 nd SEM	PGMP-02	Mini Project	4	100
		Total Credit of 2 nd	Semester	20	500
		MSCMM-111N/ MAMM-111N	Advanced Differential Equations	4	100
		MSCMM-112N/ MAMM-112N	Functional Analysis	4	100
		MSCMM-113N/ MAMM-113N	Measure Theory and Integration	4	100
	,	MSCMM-114N/ MAMM-114N	Theory of Probability	4	100
	3 rd SEM	PGRT-03	Basic Research Tools	4	100
		Total Credit of 3 rd	Semester	20	500
		MSCMM-116N/ MAMM-116N	Operation Research	4	100
	4 th SEM	MSCMM-117N/ MAMM-117N	Fluid Dynamics	4	100
		MSCMM-122N/ MAMM-122N	Dissertation with Viva-voce	4	100
		Discipline Centric Electives			
		Select any one of the following			
2		MSCMM-118N/ MAMM-118N	Soft Computing	4	100
		MSCMM-119N/ MAMM-119N	Number Theory and Cryptography	4	100
		Select any one of the following			
		MSCMM-120N/MAMM-120N	Machine Learning Techniques	4	100
		MSCMM-121N/MAMM-121N	Vedic Mathematics	4	100
	Total Credit of 4th Semester			20	500
		Total Credit/Max	. Marks	80	2000

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.

Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: I	
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-101N/MAMM-101N	Course Title: Advanced Real Analysis and		
	Integral Equations		

Course Objectives: The course covers three important areas with the objectives to acquaint students with new techniques namely advanced real analysis, Fourier series and Integral equations. After reading this course, the students will be able to apply the real analysis, Fourier series and integral equations to many physical problems in science and engineering.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To study the advanced real analysis and its applications.

CO2: The student will be able to understand the basic concepts of function of several variables and its applications.

CO3: Able to understand the Fourier series and its applications in boundary value problems.

	e to understand and use of eigenvalues and Eigen functions in linear integral equations.			
Credits: 4	Type of Course: Core			
Max. Mar	V.A.			
Block 1	Real Analysis			
DIOCK 1	Riemann Integral			
	Partition, lower and upper Riemann-Stieltjes sums, lower and upper Riemann-			
Unit I	Stieltjes integrals, Definition of Riemann-Stieltjes integral, necessary and sufficient			
011101	condition for Riemann-Stieltjes integrability, algebra of Riemann-Stieltjes integrable			
	functions.			
Unit II	Integration and Differentiation			
	Integral Function, primitive, fundamental theorem of integral calculus, integration by			
	parts, Integration of vector-valued functions.			
Unit III	Uniform Convergence of Sequences			
	Uniformly bounded sequence, uniform convergence of sequences, Uniform			
	convergence of a series of function, Cauchy's general principle of uniform			
	convergence, test for uniform convergence, Uniform convergence and integration,			
	Uniform convergence and differentiation.			
Unit IV	Power Series			
	Power series, Cauchy's theorem on limits, Radius of convergence, Uniform			
	convergence of power series. Abel's and Tauber's theorems.			
Block 2	Function of Several Variables			
Unit V	Limit and continuity of function of two variables			
	Introduction, simultaneous limit, Limit of a function of two variables, continuity of a			
** * ***	function of two variables.			
Unit VI	Partial Differentiation			
	Introduction, Partial derivatives, partial derivative of higher order, example based on			
T.T.: '4 X/TT	partial derivatives.			
Unit VII	Euler's Theorem			
	Introduction, Homogeneous function, Euler's theorem on Homogeneous function,			
Block 3	some deductions from Euler's theorem, Jacobians.			
	Fourier Series			
Unit VIII	Introduction to Fourier series			
	Trigonometric Fourier series, Periodic function, even and odd function, Euler formula for the Fourier coefficients. Convergence of Fourier series and Dirichlet's conditions			
Unit IX	for the Fourier coefficients, Convergence of Fourier series and Dirichlet's conditions.			
OIII IA	Half Range Fourier series Half range expansions Fourier sine series Fourier Cosine series Change of Interval			
	Half-range expansions, Fourier sine series, Fourier Cosine series, Change of Interval, Parseval's identity for Fourier series.			
	1 arsevar s identity for Fourier series.			

Block 4	Integral Equations		
Unit X	Classifications of Integral Equations		
	Introduction, Integral equation, differentiation of a function under and integral sign,		
	relation between differential and integral equation.		
Unit XI	Fredholm Integral Equations		
	Fredholm Integral equation, Fredholm first theorem, Fredholm second theorem,		
	Fredholm third theorem, Fredholm Integral equation with separable kernel.		
Unit XII	Volterra Integral Equations		
	Volterra Integral equation, Solution of non-homogeneous Volterra integral equation		
	of second kind by the method of successive substitution and successive		
	approximation, iterated kernels.		

- 1. M. D. Raisinghania, Integral Equations and Boundary Value Problems, S. Chand Publishing, 2007.
- 2. Apostol, T. M. Mathematical Analysis. Fifth edition. Wesley Publishing Co. 1981.
- 3. Walter, R. Principles of Mathematical Analysis. 3rd edition, McGraw-Hill, 1976.
- 4. Malik, S. C. and Arora, S. Mathematical Analysis. 2nd edition reprint. New Age International Publishers 2005.
- 5. Royden, H. L. Real Analysis, Macmillan Pub. Co., Inc. 4th edition, New York, 1993.
- 6. Somasundram, D. and Chaudhary, B. A First Course in Mathematical Analysis. Narosa Publishing House, 1996.
- 7. Malik, A. K., Mathur, P, Purohit, S.D., A text Book of Engineering Mathematics-I, Manakin Press, 2020.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: NA

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: I
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-102N/MAMM- Course Title: Classical Opti		assical Optimization Techniques
102N		_

Course Objectives: The main objective of the course is presents the theory and applications of classical optimization techniques. It extends the theory of optimization methods to more realistic problems.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To distinguish between single objective and multiple objective functions.

CO2: To have deep insight in solving optimization problems which are non-linear,

CO3: The formulation and solving of problems arising from practical, real-life settings.

CO4: Able to know the mathematical structure and properties of fundamental problem classes (e.g., linear, non-linear, integer programming, dynamic programming and game theory).

	e.g., linear, non-linear, integer programming, dynamic programming a	•		
Credits: 4		ina game theory).		
Max. Mark	V 1			
Block 1	Optimization Techniques			
	Introduction to Optimization Techniques			
Unit I	Introduction, Optimization techniques, applications of optimization techniques,			
	optimization problems, classification of optimization problems.			
Unit II	Unconstrained Optimization Problem			
	Introduction, unconstrained optimization problem, single	and multi-variable		
	optimization problems.			
Unit III	Constrained Optimization Problem			
	Introduction, constrained optimization problem, constrain	ned multi-variable		
	optimization problem with equality and inequality constraints.			
Block 2	Non-Linear Programming Problem			
	Non-Linear Programming-I			
Unit IV		Introduction, unconstrained non-linear optimization problems, direct search method:		
Cint I v	Fibonacci method of search, Golden section method, univariate	-		
	search method, indirect search method: steepest descent method.			
Unit V	Non-Linear Programming-II			
	Introduction, constraints non-linear optimization problem, direct methods: complex			
	method and zoutendijk method, indirect methods: transformation techniques and			
TT '. T/T	penalty function methods.			
Unit VI	Quadratic Programming			
	Introduction, Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Quadratic programming			
Block-3	simplex method, Beale's method and separable programming pro	blem.		
Unit VII	Dynamic Programming Problem			
Omit VII		entimality dynamia		
	Introduction, multi-decision process, Bellman's principle of oprogramming algorithm.	pulmanty, dynamic		
Unit VIII				
Cint VIII	Introduction, solution of linear programming problem using dyn	namic programming		
	and applications of dynamic programming problem.	ianne programming		
Block 4	Advanced Optimization Techniques			
Unit IX	Networking Networking			
	Introduction, shortest route problem, minimum spanning tree pro	blem and maximum		
	flow problem.	orem and maximum		
	now problem.			

Unit X	Game Theory
	Introduction, Game theory, lower and upper value of game, procedure to find saddle
	point, games without saddle point.
Unit XI	Goal Programming
	Introduction, formulation of Goal programming, single goal models, goal-
	programming algorithm and multi goal models.
Unit XII	Integer Programming
	Introduction, formulation of Integer programming problem, Gomory's cutting plane
	method, and Branch and Bound Techniques.

- 1. Yadav, S. R. and Malik, A. K., Operations Research, Oxford University Press, 2014.
- 2. Malik, A. K, Yadav, S. K. and Yadav, S. R. and., Optimization Techniques, Dreamtech Press, 2020
- 3. Rao, S.S.: Optimization Theory and Applications (2nd Edition), New Age Int., New Delhi, 1995.
- 4. Taha, H. A. Operation Research: An Introduction. 9 th edition, Pearson, 2010.
- 5. Gupta, P.K. and Hira, D.S. Introduction to Operations Research, S. Chand & Co. 2008.
- 6. Hardy, G.: Nonlinear and Dynamic Programming (4th edition), Addison-Wesley, Reading Mass, 1974.
- 7. Sharma, J. K., Mathematical Model in Operation Research, Tata McGraw Hill, 1989.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: MCA/MBA/M.Sc.(Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc. Year: I Semester: I		Semester: I
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-103N/MAMM-	Course Title: Discret	e Mathematics
103N		

Course Objectives: The main aim of the course is provide the basic knowledge of mathematical logic, lattice theory, Boolean algebra, and graph theory and apply for solving the real life problems.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Able to use this theory in the development of many computer languages. **CO2:** To solve many engineering and science problems using mathematical logic and methods.

CO3: To know about the Boolean algebra for solving the problems of coding theory, reliability and others.

CO4: To solve many research problems and real-world problems by using graph theory.

	Tive many research problems and rea	n-world problems by using graph theory.	
Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Mark		Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Set Theory		
	Sets		
Unit I	Introduction, Representation of sets, types of sets, subset, universal set, Venn diagram,		
	operations on sets, and algebra of sets.		
	Relations		
Unit II	Introduction, inverse relation,	representation of relations, types of relations,	
	equivalence relation, and partial or	der relation.	
	Functions		
Unit III	Introduction, inverse function, ty	ypes of functions, real valued function, identity	
	function, constant function, compo	osition of functions.	
Unit IV	Techniques of counting		
	Introduction, partition, principle	e of inclusion-exclusion, pigeonhole principle,	
	permutations and combinations.		
Block 2	Logic		
	Mathematical Logic		
Unit V	Introduction, proposition, basic logical operations, truth table, logical equiva		
	algebra of propositions, Tautology, contradiction.		
	Normal Form		
Unit VI	Introduction, normal form, disjunctive normal form, conjunctive normal form, logic		
	in proof, universal and existential quantifiers.		
Unit VII	Mathematical Induction		
	Introduction, methods of proof, pr	inciple of mathematical induction.	
Unit VIII	Recurrence Relations		
	Introduction, generating function,	properties of generating functions, numeric	
	function, recurrence relation, solution of recurrence relation.		
Block 3	Boolean Algebra		
Unit IX	Boolean Algebra		
		algebraic structure, Boolean algebra, Boolean	
	expression, Boolean functions and logic gates.		
Unit X	Lattices		
	Introduction, Lattice, properties of lattice, principle of duality, semi and complete		
	lattice, sublattice, isomorphic and	bounded lattice.	
Block 4	Graph Theory		

Unit XI	Introduction to Graph
	Definition of a graph, simple and multi-graph, degree of a vertex, types of graph:
	null graph, complete graph, regular graph, path, cycle and circuit, Eulerian and
	Hamiltonian graph, matrix representation of graph, planner graph, graph coloring.
Unit XII	Tree
	Introduction, tree, types of tree, rooted tree, spanning tree, minimal spanning tree,
	binary tree.

- 1. Rosen, K. H. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications. 7th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
- **2.** Trembley, J. P. and Manohar, R. A First Course in Discrete Structure with applications to Computer Science. Tata McGraw Hill, 1999.
- 3. Khanna, V. K. Lattices and Boolean Algebras. PHI Publication, 2004.
- **4.** Liu, C. L. Elements of Discrete Mathematics. Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.
- **5.** Ram, B. Discrete Mathematics, Pearson Education, 2012.
- **6.** Lipschutz, S., Lipson, M. L. and Patil, V. H. Discrete Mathematics. Schaum's Outline Series, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2006.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

MCA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: I
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-104N/MAMM-	Course Title: N	umerical Analysis
104N		•

Course Objectives: The main aim of this course is provide the numerical techniques in solving the complex mathematical problems for approximate solution whenever exact and appropriate solution are not exist.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Able to be understand the numerical methods and how they are used to determine the approximate solution.

CO2: To know about the analysis and modification of numerical problems used in science and engineering.

CO3: The formulation and solving of numerical problems arising from practical, real-life settings.

CO4: Able to know the solution of linear and non-linear equations and solution of differential equations and integrations.

equa	ations and integrations.		
Credits: 4	edits: 4 Type of Course: Core		
Max. Mark	Max. Marks: 100 Min. Passing Marks: 36		
Block 1	Calculus of Finite Differences		
	Finite Differences		
Unit I	Introduction, finite differences,	forward differences, backward differences, central	
	differences, shift operator, relation	ons between the relations.	
	Application of Finite Differenc	es	
Unit II	Fundamental theorem of the di	ifference calculus, factorial function, properties of	
	factorial function.		
Block 2	Interpolation		
Unit III	Newton's Interpolation formul		
		terms, to find two missing terms, Newton's forward	
	and backward interpolation with		
Unit IV		on formula with Equal Intervals	
		and backward interpolation with equal intervals,	
	Stirling's difference formula.		
Unit V	Lagrange's Interpolation Formula for Unequal Intervals		
	Introduction, Lagrange's interpolation with unequal intervals.		
Block 3	Solution of Linear Simultaneous Equations		
Unit VI	Solution of Linear Simultaneous equations-I		
		Gauss elimination method, Gauss-Seidel method.	
Unit VII	Solution of Linear Simultaneou	-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n method or triangular method, Crout's method and	
	Choleski's method.		
Block 4	Solving Algebraic and Transcendental Equations		
Unit VIII	Numerical Method for solving Algebraic and Transcendental Equations-I		
		raic and transcendental equations, Bisection method	
	and Newton Method.		
Unit IX	Numerical Method for solving Algebraic and Transcendental Equations-II		
	Introduction, Regula-Falsi method and Secant method.		
Block 5	Numerical Differentiation and Integration		
Unit X	Numerical Differentiation		
1			

	Introduction, derivatives using forward difference formula, derivatives using
	backward difference formula, derivatives using Stirling difference formula,
	derivatives using Newton's Divided difference formula.
Unit XI	Numerical Integration
	Introduction, general quadrature formula for equally spaced arguments, Trapezoidal
	rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule.
Unit XII	Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations
	Introduction, Euler's method, Euler's modified method, Taylor Series method,
	Picard's method. Runge-Kutta method for fourth order, Milne's predictor-corrector
	method.

- 1. Atkinson, K. and Han, W. Theoretical Numerical Analysis, Springer Science & Business Media, 2010.
- 2. Jain, M.K., Iyengar, S.R.K and Jain, R.K.: Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computations, New Age International (P) Ltd. New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. Sastry, S.S.: Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, UBS Publishers, 2012.
- 4. Bradie, B. A friendly introduction to Numerical Analysis. Pearson Education, 2007.
- 5. Gupta. R. S., Elements of Numerical Analysis, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2015

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: MCA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course pro	erequisites: To study this course, a study	dent must have d	qualified graduation with Mathematics.
Programn	ne: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: I
Subject: N	Mathematics		
	ode: PGBR-01		: Basics in Research
Course O	bjectives: The main objective of thi	is course is to	develop a research orientation among
the scholar	rs and to acquaint them with funda	mentals of res	earch methods, survey, Plagrism and
copyright			
Course O			
	write a good qualitative research sta		
	know about the hypothesis, conduct		
	e to know the Plagrism and copyrig		
Credits: 4		Type of Cou	
Max. Mar		Min. Passing	g Marks: 36
TT 1. T	Introduction to Research	~ 1	
Unit I	1		and Types of Research, Process of
	Research, Formulation of objectiv	es.	
	Hypothesis	0.77	
Unit II	Formulation of Hypotheses, Types of Hypotheses, Methods of testing Hypotheses,		
	1 *		Research (Survey, Observation, case
Unit III	study, experimental, historical and	comparative i	methods).
Unit III	Survey		
	Scientific research and literature survey, History of mathematics, finding and solving		
Unit IV	research problems, role of a super	visor, a survey	of a research topic.
Unitiv	Plagrism and Copy Right Issue	•	
		per, research g	rant proposal writing, copyright issues,
ethics and plagiarism.			
	Suggested Text Book Readings:		
1. C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age			
International Publishers, 2019.			
2. Kumar. R: Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, (3 rd Edition), SAGE, Inc., 2011.			
		c22 ge28/prox	iew
3. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec22_ge28/preview This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Open for all			
	Suggested equivalent online courses (MOOCs) for credit transfer: NA		
Suggested	i equivalent online courses (MO	OCS) for cree	uit transier: NA

Note:- In this paper, learner itself study the objectives and prepare a report. The report will be submitted along with assignment to respective study center for evaluation. The maximum marks for evaluation are 100.

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: II
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-106N/MAMM-	Course Ti	tle: Advanced Algebra
106N		-

Course Objectives: Acquiring ability for defining set, relation, function, algebraic structures, groups, subgroups, ring, Extension Fields, Galois Theory and their applications.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: The student will be able to know about set theory and its applications.

CO2: The student shall understand the group theory with their applications.

CO3: Ability to apply advanced algebra to solve problems in other branches of mathematics and in other disciplines.

CO4: Processing pre-requisites for pursuing research in group theory and cryptography.

CO4: Proc	cessing pre-requisites for pursuing re	search in group theory and cryptography.	
Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Mar	ks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Group Theory		
Unit I	Basic Set Theory		
	Introduction, Representation of	sets, types of sets, subset, universal set, Venn	
	diagram, operations on sets, and	diagram, operations on sets, and algebra of sets, relations, equivalence relation, and	
	partial order relation, functions.		
Unit II	Introduction of Group Theory		
		group, Abelian group, finite and infinite group,	
	composition tables for finite sets.		
Unit III	Permutations and Isomorphism	_	
	, 1	ps of permutations, cyclic permutations, even and	
		ment of a group, isomorphism on groups.	
Unit IV	Subgroup and Cosets		
		groups of a group, intersection of subgroups, cosets,	
** * **	Lagrange's theorem, Fermat's the	corem, Cayley's theorem.	
Unit V	Cyclic Group		
	Introduction, Cyclic groups, subgroup generated by a subset of a group, generating		
DI 1.0	system of a group.		
Block 2	Advanced Group Theory		
Unit VI	Normal Subgroup		
	Introduction to Normal subgroup, simple group, conjugate element, centre of a group,		
	conjugate subgroup and quotient	groups.	
	Homomorphism		
I I.a.: 4 V /II		nel of a homomorphism, fundamental theorem on	
Unit VII		omorphisms and inner automorphisms, Maximal	
	1 - 1	a group, Jordon Holder's theorem, Solvable groups,	
Block 3	Direct products, Sylow's theorem		
Unit VIII	Rings and Field Theory		
Omt vm	Rings Introduction Pings elementary	proportion of a ring ring with or without zoro	
	Introduction, Rings, elementary properties of a ring, ring with or without zero divisors, integral domain, field, subrings and subfields.		
Unit IX	Ideals	iorings and subficids.	
C111t 17X		deal, divisibility in an integral domain, greatest	
		ings, unique factorization domain and reminder	
	theorem.	ings, unique factorization domain and femiliaer	
	moorem.		

Unit X	Advanced Rings Theory
	Quotient rings, homomorphism on rings, kernel of a ring homomorphism, maximal
	ideals, prime ideals and Euclidean rings.
Block-4	Extension Fields and Galois Theory
	Extension Fields
Unit XI	Introduction, field extensions, field adjunctions, simple and algebraic field extensions,
	separable extension and perfect field.
Unit XII	Galois Theory
	The elements from Galois theory, fixed field, normal extension, Galois group,
	fundamental theorem of Galois theory.

- 1. David S. Dummit & Richard M. Foote (2008). Abstract Algebra (2nd edition). Wiley.
- 2. P. B. Bhattacharya, S. K. Jain & S. R. Nagpaul (2003). Basic Abstract Algebra (2nd edition). Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Khanna, Vijay K & Bhambri, S K A Course in Abstract Algebra, S Chand and Company Ltd; 5th edition,2022.
- 4. John B. Fraleigh, A First Course in Abstract Algebra (7th edition). Pearson, 2007.
- 5. Joseph A. Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra (9th edition). Cengage, 2017.
- 6. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra (2nd edition). Wiley India, 2006.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: NA

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: II
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-107N/MAMM-	Course Tit	le: Complex Analysis
107N		

Course Objectives: The main aim of this course is provide the basic concepts of complex analysis, derivatives and integrals of functions of a complex variable, conformal mapping and use of complex analysis to evaluate complicated real integrals via residue calculus.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: The student will be able to know about fundamental concepts of complex analysis.

CO2: The student shall understand the Cauchy-Riemann equations and apply them to complex functions in order to determine whether a given continuous function is complex differentiable.

CO3: Ability to apply complex analysis techniques in engineering and science.

CO4: Processing pre-requisites for pursuing research in complex analysis.

CO4: Proc	essing pre-requisites for pursuing re	search in complex analysis.	
Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core		Type of Course: Core	
		Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Function of Complex Variables		
Unit I	Complex Numbers		
	Introduction, Graphical representation, exponential functions of complex numbers,		
	circular and hyperbolic functions	of complex numbers.	
Unit II	Analytic Functions		
	Introduction, single and multivalu	ued functions, analytic functions, Cauchy Riemann	
	equations, Polar form of C-R equa	ation, Derivative of w in polar form.	
Unit III	Harmonic Functions		
	Orthogonal system, Laplace equ	uations, harmonic functions, conjugate functions,	
	Milne's Thomson method.		
Block 2	Conformal Mappings		
Unit IV	Introduction to Conformal Map	· • ·	
	Mappings or Transformations, Ja	acobian of a transformations, ordinary and critical	
	points, conformal mappings, son	ne general transformations: Translation, Rotation,	
	Magnification, Inversion.		
Unit V	Bilinear Transformations		
	Bilinear transformations, Fixed points of the Bilinear Transformations, Some		
	important properties of Bilinear Transformations, Special conformal transformations,		
	Joukowski's transformation and Schwarz-Christoffel transformation.		
Block 3	Complex Integration and Series		
Unit VI	Introduction to Complex Integration		
		lar Arc, Contour, Connected and Non-connected	
	region, simple and multi connected region, Cauchy Fundamental theorem, and		
***	Cauchy-Goursat theorem.		
Unit VII	Important Theorems in Comple		
	Cauchy's integral formula, An extension of the Cauchy's integral formula, Cauchy		
	integral formula for derivative, Morera's Theorem, Cauchy's inequality, Liouville's		
	theorem and its applications, The fundamental theorem of Algebra, Maximum		
TT 1. TTTT	modulus principle.		
Unit VIII	Series	_ ,	
	Introduction, Entire functions, Taylor's theorem and its applications, La		
	Theorem and its applications.		

Block 4	The calculus of residues
Unit IX	Singularities and Residues
	Zero of analytic functions, singularities of analytic functions, isolated and non-
	isolated singularities, removable singularities, pole, residue at pole, Cauchy's Residue
	theorem.
Unit X	Applications of Complex Integration-I
	Evaluation of real definite integrals, Integration round the unit circle, Jorden's
	inequality, Jordan's lemma, Evaluation of integrals in which poles lie on the real axis.
Unit XI	Applications of Complex Integration-II
	Introduction, Evaluation of integrals in which poles lie on the real axis, integral
	involved many valued functions.
Unit XII	Meromorphic Functions
	Meromorphic functions, Mittag Leffler's expansion theorem, number of poles and
	zeroes of a meromorphic function, Principle of argument, Rouche's theorem.

- 1. Ponnusamy, Foundations of Complex Analysis. 2nd Edition, Narosa Book Publication, 2008.
- 2. K.P. Gupta, Functions of complex variable, Sixteen Edition, Pragati Prakashan, 2002.
- 3. J. B. Conway, Functions of One Complex Variable, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. Priestly, H. A.: Introduction to Complex Analysis, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 5. Ahlfors, L.V.: Complex Analysis, McGraw Hill Education; 3rd Edition, 2017.
- 6. M. Spiegel, J. Schiller, S. Lipschutz, Schaum's Outline of Complex Variables, 2ed (Schaum's Outlines)
- 7. James W. Brown & R. V. Churchill: Complex variables and applications, McGraw-Hill, 2006. **Suggested online link:**
- 1. <a href="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A=="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A===="https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A==== https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A=== https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A=== https://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A== https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A== https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A== https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A== https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A= https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=ZLCHeZEhCZ8yCri36nSF3A= https://epgp.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=Inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=Inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=Inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=Inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject?catid=Inflibnet.ac.in/Home/ViewSubject.ac.in/Home/Vie

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Suggested equivalent online courses (MOOCs) for credit transfer:

https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/111/103/111103070/ by Prof. P. A. S. Sree Krishna IIT Guwahati

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: I	Semester: II
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-108N/MAMM-	Course T	itle: Mathematical Statistics
108N		

Course Objectives: The aim of this course is to extend the students' knowledge of statistical methods and to provide theoretical background for studying advanced statistical methods.

CO1: The student will be able to know about fundamental concepts of statistical methods.

CO2: The student shall understand the data collection, measures of central tendency and dispersion and apply them in various day-to day life problems.

CO3: Ability to apply the correlation and regression techniques in engineering and science.

Bar diagram, Multiple bar diagram, Divided bar diagram, Percentage bar diagram, Pichart, Pictogram, leaf chart. Unit III Representation of Data- II (Graphical representation) Graphical representation of frequency distribution, Histogram, Frequency polygon Frequency curve, Ogive. Block 2 Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion Measures of Central Tendency Types of measures of central tendency, Arithmetic mean, Fundamental Theorems of Arithmetic mean, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean, Median, Mode, Percentiles Deciles, and Quartiles. Unit V Measures of Dispersion Types of measures of Dispersion, Range, Mean Deviation, Variance and Standard deviation, Effect of change of origin and scale, Relationship between measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion, Coefficient of variation. Block 3 Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis Unit VI Moments, Raw Moments and Central Moments Definition of moments, raw moments for ungrouped data, raw moments for grouped data, Central moments, Factorial moments, Interrelationship between various moments, effect of change of origin and scale on moments, Charlier's checks Sheppard's correction for moments. Unit VII Skewness and Kurtosis Definition of skewness, Measures of skewness, Pearson's coefficient, Bowley's coefficients, Kurtosis, Measures of Kurtosis, effect of change of origin and scale. Block 4 Correlation and Regression Unit VIII Bivariate Data and Correlation Scatter Diagram, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Properties of correlation		students will be able to study, correctly apply and interpret different statistical methods.	
Max. Marks: 100 Min. Passing Marks: 36	Credits: 4	Type of Course: Core	
Data Collection and its Representation			
Unit I Unit I Data Collection and Tabulation Meanings, Definitions and Applications of Statistics, Measurements and Scale Measurements of qualitative data, Methods of data collection, Types of data. Unit II Representation of Data- I (Diagrammatical representation) Frequency distribution, Tabulation of data, Diagrammatical Representation of data Bar diagram, Multiple bar diagram, Divided bar diagram, Percentage bar diagram, Picchart, Pictogram, leaf chart. Representation of Data- II (Graphical representation) Graphical representation of frequency distribution, Histogram, Frequency polygon Frequency curve, Ogive. Block 2 Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion Measures of Central Tendency Arithmetic mean, Fundamental Theorems or Arithmetic mean, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean, Median, Mode, Percentiles Deciles, and Quartiles. Unit V Measures of Dispersion Types of measures of Dispersion, Range, Mean Deviation, Variance and Standard deviation, Effect of change of origin and scale, Relationship between measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion, Coefficient of variation. Block 3 Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis Unit VI Moments, Raw Moments and Central Moments Definition of moments, raw moments for ungrouped data, raw moments for grouped data, Central moments, Factorial moments, Interrelationship between various moments, effect of change of origin and scale on moments, Charlier's checks Sheppard's correction for moments. Skewness and Kurtosis Definition of skewness, Measures of skewness, Pearson's coefficient, Bowley's coefficients, Kurtosis, Measures of Kurtosis, effect of change of origin and scale. Block 4 Unit VIII Bivariate Data and Correlation Scatter Diagram, Karl Pearson's coefficient, Effect of change of origin and scale or correlation coefficient.		O Company of the comp	
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		coefficient, limits of correlation coefficient, Effect of change of origin and scale on	
Unit IX Regressions			
	Unit IX	Regressions	

	Regressions, linear regression model, principal of least square, Regression lines,	
	Regression coefficient, Properties of Regression coefficients.	
Unit X	Correlation and Intra Class Correlation	
	Rank correlation coefficient, Spearman's rank correlation coefficients, rank	
	correlation coefficient for tied ranks, Intra-class correlation, some remarks on Intra-	
	class correlation.	
Unit XI	Theory of Attributes	
	Combinations, Classes and Class frequencies of Attributes, Dichotomous	
	Classification, Consistency of data, joint distribution of attributes, Contingency	
	tables, Independence and Association of Attributes, Measures of Association, Yates	
	Correction.	

- 1. Irwin Miller & Marylees Miller, John E. Freund's Mathematical Statistics with Applications (8th edition). Pearson. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd. India, 2014.
- 2. Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean & Allen T. Craig, Introduction to Mathematical Statistics (7th edition), Pearson Education, 2013.
- 3. Sheldon M. Ross, Introduction to Probability Models (11th edition). Elsevier, 2014.
- 4. V.K. Kapoor and S. C. Gupta, Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics, S. Chand & Sons, 2018.
- 5. Gupta, C. B., Malik, A. K., Kumar, V., Random-Variables and Stochastic Processes, Neelkanth Publisher Jaipur, 2011.
- 6. Mood, A.M. and Grayville, F.: Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw Hill Education; 3rd edition, 2017.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc. Year: I Semester: II		Semester: II
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-109N/MAMM- Course Title: Topology		urse Title: Topology
109N		1 0

Course Objectives: This course puts forward some basic concepts of topology and its applications. The main emphasis on the explanations of some important concepts; metric spaces and topological spaces; to show how the theory and concepts grow naturally from idea of distance.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1: Able to use this theory and concepts, development naturally from the idea of distance.CO2: To apply the metric space, pseudo and discrete metric space, and its properties.CO3: To know about the concepts of topological spaces and its use in solving engineering and science problems.

CO4: To understand the sequentially compact spaces, countable compactness, compactness, and Separation Axioms in Topological Spaces.

	28.		
Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core			
Max. Marks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36		
Block 1 Metric Spaces			
	Elements of Set Theory		
Unit I Sets, subset, index set, power set	Sets, subset, index set, power set, operations on set, relations, functions, finite and		
infinite sets, Countable and uncoun	ntable sets.		
Unit II Introduction to Metric Spaces			
Metric space, Pseudo Metric Space	ce, Discrete Metric Space, Bounded and Unbounded		
Metric Space, Usual and Quasi M	Ietric Space, inequalities.		
Unit III Spaces in Metric			
Sequence spaces l^{∞} , Function sp	ace, sequence space l^p , Hilbert sequence space l^2 ,		
Open and closed ball, sphere, r	neighbourhood of a point, limit point, equivalent		
Metrics.			
Unit IV Sequence in Metric Spaces			
Sequence in a Metric Space, Con	vergent Sequence in a Metric Space, Bounded Set,		
	Cauchy Sequence, Complete Metric Space, Incomplete Metric Space, Completeness		
	of C, Continuity and Homeomorphism of metric spaces, Homeomorphic Spaces.		
	Introduction to Topological Spaces		
Unit V Topological Spaces-I			
	Topological Spaces, Trivial topology, Non-Trivial topologies, Comparison of		
	Topologies, Algebra of Topologies, Open Set, Neighbourhood, Usual Topology,		
	Limit Points, Derived Set, Closed Sets, Door Space.		
	Topological Spaces-II		
	Closure of a Set, Separated Set, Interior points and the Interior of a Set, Exterior of a		
	Set, Boundary Points, Dense Set.		
	Base and Sub-base		
	Relative Topology, Subspace, Base for a topology, Sub-bases, Local base, First		
± ·	Countable Space, Second Countable Space, Topologies Generated by Classes of Sets,		
	Separable Space, Cover of a Space, Lindelof Space.		
	Continuous Maps and Homeomorphism		
	Continuous Function, Open Mapping, Closed Mapping, Bicontinuous Mapping,		
	Bijective Mapping, Sequential Continuity, The pasting Lemma, Homeomorphism.		
Block 3 Separation Axioms on Topologi	ical Spaces		
Unit IX Separation Axioms-I			

	Separation axioms $-T_0$, T_1 , T_2 , T_3 , $T_{3/2}$, regular space, completely regular space, their characterizations and basic properties.		
Unit X	Separation Axioms-II		
	Separation axioms: normal space, completely normal space, T ₄ and T ₅ , their		
	characterizations and basic properties. Urysohn's lemma and Teitze Extension		
	Theorem, Urysohn's Metrization Theorem.		
Unit XI	Connectedness		
	Separated Sets, Connected Set, Disconnected Set, Connectedness on the Real Line,		
	components, Maximal Connected Set, Locally Connected Space and Totally		
	Disconnected Set.		
Unit XII	Compactness		
	Cover, Open Cover, Compact Space, Compact Set, Finite Intersection Property,		
	Locally Compact Space, Lindelof Space, Bolzano Weierstrass Property, Sequentially		
	Compact, Uniformly Continuous, Lebesgue Covering Lemma, Heine-Borel Theorem,		
	Product Topology, Projection Mappings.		

- 1. G. F. Simmons: Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, McGraw Hill, 1963.
- 2. Singh, S. R. & Malik, A. K. Topology Dreamtech Press, 2020.
- 3. James R Munkres, Topology, A first course, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2000
- 4. J. L. Kelly, Topology, Von Nostrand Reinhold Co. New York, 1995.
- 5. K.D. Joshi, Introduction to General Topology, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 6. J. V. Deshpande, Introduction to Topology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1988.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc. Year: I Semester: II		
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: PGMP-02 Course Title: Mini Project		ini Project

Course Objectives: In the second semester of Masters the main objectives of the exposure of students towards the project is to elevate their understanding into the applications areas of Mathematics. This course will develop their analytical ability, will provide them an apt exposure to work in any research group, and will motivate them to execute research in the area of their interest in Mathematical sciences.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Students will be able to plan and strategize a scientific problem, and implement it within a reasonable time frame.

CO2: It is expected that after completing this project dissertation, students will learn to work independently and how to keep accurate/readable record of assigned project.

CO3: In addition, students will be able to know the library search and handle the data in a meaningful way. Also, the students will be able to interpret the spectral data independently.

CO4: Subsequently, the students should be able to critically examine research articles, and improve their scientific writing/communication skills and power point presentation.

Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core
Max. Marks: 100 Min. Passing Marks: 36		Min. Passing Marks: 36
	Students shall make mini proje	ct on selected topic of their own choice (with or
Topic	without any, Supervisor) and p	repare the report and submit it to the University
	Examination Department and Sc	hool of Science of the University for evaluation.

Suggested Text Book Readings:

- 1. Use different searching engine to get relevant information (Google scholar, Wiki-databases, Science Direct, SciFinder, Scopus, and YouTube.
- 2. Access to different online research library and research portal (Web resources, E-journals, journal access, TOC alerts)

Note: Students shall make mini project on selected topic of their own choice studied so far (with or without any, Supervisor) and prepare the report. The report will be submitted along with assignment to respective study center for evaluation. The maximum marks for evaluation are 100.

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: III			
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-111N/MAMM-	ode: MSCMM-111N/MAMM- Course Title: Advanced Differential Equations		
111N		_	

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course is to develop the student level to understand the use of ordinary differential equation in real-life problems.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To study the power series and special function with its applications.

CO2: The student will be able to understand the basic concepts of partial differential equation and its applications.

CO3: Able to understand the two-dimensional Laplace equation, one-dimensional heat equation and wave equation and its applications in boundary value problems.

CO4: Able to formulate and solve the difference equation and use of calculus of variations in science and engineering.

	engineering.		
Credits: 4	V 1		
Max. Marl	ks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Ordinary Differential Equations		
	Power Series		
Unit I	Introduction to power series me	thod, Ordinary points, Singularities, Regular and	
Omt 1	Irregular singular points, Frobeni	us method, Series solutions about ordinary points	
	and regular singular points.		
Unit II	Legendre's Function		
	Legendre's function, generating	function, orthogonal properties of Legendre's	
	function, recurrence relations, Roo	drigues's formula.	
Unit III	Bessel's Function		
	Bessel's Function of first and seco	and kind, generating function, orthogonal properties	
	of Bessel's function, recurrence re		
Block 2	Partial Differential Equations of	f First Order	
	Partial Differential Equations of First Order and First Degree		
Unit IV	Introduction to Partial Differential	Equations, Order and Degree of Partial Differential	
	Equations, Derivation of Partial Differential Equations.		
Unit V	Lagrange Method		
	Standard form of Linear Partial Differential Equations of order one, Lagrange method		
	for solving first order Partial Differential Equations.		
Unit VI	Standard Form		
	Non-linear Partial Differential Equations, Standard form, Standard form-I, II, III &		
	IV (Clairaut's form).		
Unit VII	Charpit's Method		
	Charpit's method for first order Partial Differential Equations, working procedure for		
	solving Partial Differential Equations using Charpit's Method.		
Block 3	Partial Differential Equations of Higher Order		
Unit VIII	Partial Differential Equations of Higher Order-I		
	Introduction, Partial differential equations of higher order, classification of linear		
	Partial differential equations, Separation of variable method.		
Unit IX	Partial Differential Equations of Higher Order-II		
	Two-dimensional Laplace equation in Cartesian coordinates, one-dimensional Heat		
	equation, one-dimensional Wave equation.		
Block 4	Difference Equations and Calculus of Variations		
L			

Unit X	Introduction to Difference equations		
	Introduction to difference equations, order and degree of difference equations,		
	formulation of difference equations.		
Unit XI	Application of Difference Equations		
	Linear difference equations, homogeneous linear difference equations with constant		
	coefficient, non-homogeneous linear difference equations with constant coefficient.		
Unit XII	Calculus of Variations		
	Introduction, functional, Euler's equation, equivalent forms of Euler's equation,		
	solution of Euler's equations, strong and weak variations, isoperimetric problems,		
	variational problems involving several dependent variables, functional involving		
	second order derivatives.		

- 1. Shepley L. Ross, Differential Equations (3rd edition), Wiley India, 2007. 2. E.A. Coddington and N. Levinson, Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2016.
- 3. Ross. S. L., Differential Equations, 3rd Edition, Wiley, 1980.
- 4. Rai, B., Chaudhary, D.P. and Freedman, H.I., A Course in Ordinary Differential Equations, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi 2013.
- 5. George F. Simmons, Differential Equations with Applications and Historical Notes (3rd edition). CRC Press. Taylor & Francis, 2017.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: III		
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-112N/MAMM- Course Title: Functional Analysis		Functional Analysis
112N		

Course Objectives:

The main objective of this course is to introduce the concepts of vector space, normed linear space, Banach space, Hilbert space, fixed-point theory and Housdorff space. This course lays a foundation for solving many research problems in different areas such as quantum physics and dynamical system theory.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1:** To study the different concepts of vector and normed linear space with its applications.
- CO2: The student will be able to understand the basic concepts of linear operators, linear functional on Banach and Hilbert spaces.
- CO3: Able to understand the basic tool to solve the problems of integral equations, fluid dynamics and optimization theory.

CO4: Proce	essing pre-requisites for pursuing res	search in pure and applied mathematics.	
Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Mark	ss: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Vector Space and Normed Linear Space		
Unit I	Vector Space Introduction, Vector or Linear Space, linear subspace, linear combination, linear span, linear dependence and linear independence, basis, finite and infinite dimensional vector spaces, dimension of a subspace.		
Unit II	Normed Linear Space	space.	
	Normed linear space Space Normed linear space, sequence of series, l^p space, l^∞ space, unit sphere, closed and open ball, subspace of a Banach space.		
Unit III	Completeness Introduction, completeness, closeness, equivalent norms, completeness and finite dimension, compactness, Friesz's lemma.		
Unit IV	Linear Operators Introduction, linear operators, null space, linear operator, identity operator, zero operator, inverse of a linear operator, bounded linear operator.		
Unit V	Linear Functional		
	Continuity and null space, linear functional, bounded linear functional, dot product, algebraic dual space, isomorphic.		
Unit VI	Hilbert Spaces		
	Inner product spaces, Hilbert spaces, some properties of Hilbert spaces, orthonormal sets, conjugate space and adjoint of an operator.		
Block 2	Fixed Point Theory		
Unit VII	Banach Fixed Point Introduction, Banach fixed point, contraction, Banach fixed point theorem, Kannon contraction theorem, Reich contraction, Hardy and Rogers's contraction theorem.		
Unit VIII	Applications of Banach theorem		
	Applications of Banach theorem to linear equations, Applications of Banach theorem to differential equations, Picard's existence and uniqueness theorem, Applications of Banach theorem to integral equations.		
Unit IX	Approximation in Normed Spaces		
	Introduction, best approximation,	polynomials, uniqueness, convexity.	

Unit X	Housdorff Space	
	Introduction, distance, Housdorff metric space, Nadler's contraction theorem.	
Block 3	Applied Functional Analysis	
Unit XI	Differentiation and Integration in normed space	
	Integration, Gateaux derivative, Frechet derivative, Bochner integral.	
Unit XII	Spectral Theory of Linear Operators in Normed Space	
	Introduction, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, resolvent operators, regular value,	
	resolvent set, spectrum, spectral properties of bounded linear operators, holomorphic.	

- 1. Goffan, C. and Pedrick, G.: A First course in Functional Analysis, AMS Chelsea Publishing: AnImprint of the American Mathematical Society, New York, 1983.
- 2. Jain, P.K. and Ahuja, O.P.: Functional Analysis, New Age (International P, Ltd,) New Delhi, 2010.
- 3. Kreyszig, E.: Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2007.
- 4. Simmons, G.F.: Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, McGraw Hill Book Co., New York, 2013.
- 5. Taylor, A.E. Introduction to Functional Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2013.
- 6. Bollobas, B.: Linear Analysis, An Introductory Course, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1999.
- 7. Berbarian, S.K.: Introduction to Hilbert Spaces, Oxford University Press, New York, 1961.
- 8. Fixed Point Theory Andrzej Granas Springer-Verlag, New York Volume I (see below) and the unpublished Volume II (in a major Volume) and will be appearing in the Spring of 2003.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: NA

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: II	Semester: III	
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-113N/MAMM-	Course Title: Measure Theory and Integration		
113N		· · · · · ·	

Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to give an introduction to Lebesgue measure on the set of real numbers R and the concept of measure in general, indicating its role in the theory of integration.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1:** To study the basic concepts of sets, relations, functions and countability of sets.
- **CO2:** The student will be able to understand the concept of Lebesgue measure is used in developing the theory of Lebesgue integration, which gives better results as compared to the theory of Riemann integration.
- **CO3:** Understand the basic tool to solve the problems of integral equations, fluid dynamics and optimization theory.
- **CO4:** Able to understand the measure and integration has numerous applications in other branches of pure and applied mathematics like as probability theory, partial differential equations, and functional analysis.

funct	ional analysis.		
Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Marks: 100		Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Set Theory		
	operations on sets, and algebra of sets.		
Unit I			
Unit II	Relations Introduction, inverse relation, representation of relations, types of relations, equivalence relation, and partial order relation.		
Unit III	Functions		
	Introduction, inverse function, types of functions, real valued function, identity function, constant function, composition of functions.		
Unit IV	Open and Closed Sets		
	Zorn Lemma, axiom of choice, Schroder-Bernstein's equivalence theorem, Open and		
	closed sets, Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem.		
	Countability of Sets		
Unit V	Finite and infinite sets, cardinal number and cardinality of a set, countable and		
Cint v	, ordinal numbers, Cantor's theorem, Continuum		
	hypothesis, Algebraic and Transcendental numbers.		
Block 2	Lebesgue Measure		
Unit VI	Measure		
	Length of an interval, measure of interval, Borel set, Boolean Ring, Boolean algebra		
	measure, Outer Measure, Carathe	edory's Postulates for Outer Measure.	
Unit VII	Unit VII Lebesgue Measure Measurable set, Exterior and Interior Measure of a set, Measurable space,		
	Fundamental Theorem, Cantor's Ternary set.		
Unit VIII	II Measurable Functions		
	Measurable function, Borel Measurability, pointwise convergence, convergence is measure, uniform convergence, F. Riesz theorem, Egoroff's theorem and Lusin		
	theorem.		
Block 3	Lebesgue Integral		

Unit IX	Lebesgue Integral		
	Riemann Theory of Integral, Lebesgue integral, First Mean Value Theorem, Lebesgue		
	Bounded Convergence Theorem, Lebesgue Dominated Convergence Theorem,		
	Beppo-Levi's Theorem and Fatou's Lemma.		
Unit X	Differentiation and Integration		
	Function of bounded variation, Vitali's Lemma, Lebesgue point and Lebesgue set,		
	Fundamental Theorem of Integral Calculus.		
Unit XI	l ^p Space		
	Introduction to l^p space, conjugate number, convergent sequence, Cauchy sequence,		
	l ^p -space with properties, Riesz Holder Inequalities, Minkowski's Inequality and		
	Schwarz's Inequality.		
Block 4	Product measures and Signed measures		
Unit XII	Product measures and Signed measures		
	Introduction to product measures and signed measures, Fubini's theorem, Tonelli's		
	theorem, Hahn Decomposition theorem, Radon Nikodym theorem and Lebesgue		
	Decomposition theorem.		

- 1. Malik, A.K., Kumar, S., Singh, S. R, Malik, S. C., Measure Theory and Integration, Dreamtech Press, 2020.
- 2. Barra, G de: Measure Theory and Integration, 2nd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd.,
- Goldberg, Richard R: Real analysis, Oxford and IBH, 2012.
 Jain, P.K. & Gupta, V.P.: Lebesgue Measure and Integration, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Rana, Inder K., An Introduction to Measure and Integration, Narosa Publishing House, 2007
- 6. Royden, H.L.: Real analysis, 4th Edition, Pearson, 2018.

7. Rudin, Walter, Real & Complex Analysis, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2017. This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: III			
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-114N/MAMM- Course Title: Theory of Probability			
114N			

Course Objectives: The main aim of this course is to extend and master students' knowledge of probability theory and to provide theoretical background for studying advanced probabilistic and statistical method.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To study the fundamental concepts of probability theory.

CO2: The student will be able to understand the concept of random variable and probability distributions, expectation.

CO3: Able to understand the discrete and continuous distribution with their applications in other branches of pure and applied mathematics.

CO4: Understand the basic tool to solve the problems related to statistical interference and check the test of significance.

the test of significance.					
Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core			
Max. Marks: 100		Min. Passing Marks: 36			
Block 1	Introduction to Probability Theory				
	Random experiments and Probability				
Unit I	Deterministic and random exper	Deterministic and random experiments, Sample space, Events, Algebra of Events,			
Omt 1	Axiomatic definition of Probabi	ility, Classical definition of Probability, Statistical			
	definition of probability, Addition	n Theorem of Probability.			
Unit II	Conditional Probability				
	Conditional probability, Multipli	icative theorem of Probability, Independent events,			
	Partition of sample space, Baye's	Theorem.			
Block 2	Probability Distributions and E	Expectations			
Unit III	Random Variables and Probab	ility Distributions			
	Definition and types of random	variables, Cumulative distribution function and its			
	properties, Probability Mass Fund	ction, Probability Density Function.			
Unit IV	Expectation				
	Definition and types of Mathema	tical Expectation, Moments in terms of expectation,			
	Mathematical and Multiplication theorems of Expectation, other theorems on				
	expectation.				
Unit V	Inequalities for Moments				
Cauchy-Schwartz Inequality, Markov's inequ					
Block 3	Concept of Probability Distribu	ıtions			
Unit VI Univariate Distributions					
	Bernoulli Distribution, Binomia	al Distribution, mean and variance of binomial			
	distribution, Moments, Moments	s Generating Function, Additive and Multiplicative			
	property, Recurrence relation for moments, Fitting of Binomial Distribution, Poisson				
	Distribution, Poisson Distribution as a limiting case of Binomial Distribution, mean				
and variance of Poisson distribution, Moments, Moment Generatin Additive and Reproductive property, Recurrence relation for moment					
		perty, Recurrence relation for moments, fitting of			
	Poisson Distribution.				
Unit VII	Discrete Distributions				
		d variance, moment generating function of geometric			
		Distribution, Moment Generating Function, Mean			
	ulae for negative Binomial Distribution, Poisson				
ı	Distribution as a limiting case of	f Negative Binomial Distribution, Hyper Geometric			

	Distribution, Mean and Variance, Recurrence relation for Hyper Geometric distribution.		
Unit VIII	Normal Distribution		
	Normal Distribution and its parameters, Standard Normal Distribution, Moments,		
	Moments Generating Function, Area Property, properties of normal curve, Standard		
	Scores, Advantages and Characteristics of Z Scores.		
Unit IX	Continuous Distributions		
	Uniform Distribution, Moment Generating Function, Distribution Function, Moments of Uniform Distribution, Exponential Distribution, Moments, Moment Generating		
	of Uniform Distribution, Exponential Distribution, Moments, Moment Generating Function, Lack of Memory Property.		
Unit X	Sampling Distribution		
	Sampling distribution of a statistic, Parameter, Derivation of χ^2 , t, F, z distributions,		
	Beta, Gamma, Cauchy densities.		
Block 4	Basic Principles of Statistical Inference		
Unit XI	Estimation		
Cint 211	Point Estimation, properties of a good estimators, Consistency, Unbiasedness,		
	Efficiency, Sufficiency, Confidence Interval Estimation.		
Unit XII	Method of Estimation		
	Procedures of Estimation, Method of Moments, method of Maximum Likelihood,		
	Method of Scoring, Properties of Estimators		
Unit XIII	Testing of Hypothesis		
	Statistical Hypothesis, Simple and Composite Hypothesis, Critical Region, Two kinds		
	of Error, One-tailed and Two-tailed tests, Test of Significance, Most Powerful Test,		
	Uniformly Most Powerful Test.		
Block 4	Test of Significance		
Unit XIV	Exact Tests and Fisher's transformations		
	Tests of Significance based on Chi-Square Distribution, Tests of Significance based		
	on t–Distribution, Tests of Significance based on F–Distribution, Tests of Significance		
	based on Fisher's Z–Distribution.		
Unit XV	Large Sample Tests		
	Testing Significance of Mean, Testing Equality of Means, Testing Significance of		
	Proportion, Testing Equality of Proportions, Testing Significance of Standard		
	Deviation, Testing Equality of Standard Deviation.		
Unit XVI	Non-Parametric Tests		
	Non-Parametric Tests, Sign Test, Wilcoxon Signed- Rank Test, Mann- Whitney U-		
	Test, Run Test.		
	1000,1001		

- 1. Rohatgi, V.K., Saleh, A.K. Md. Ehsanes, An Introduction to Probability and Statistics, Second Edition Wiley-Inderscience, 2008.
 - 2. Mayer, P.L., Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications, IBH. 2nd Edition, 1970.
- 3. Sheldon M. Ross, Introduction to Probability Models (11th edition), Elsevier, 2014.
- 4. V.K. Kapoor and S. C. Gupta, Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics, S. Chand & Sons, 2018.
- 5. Gupta, C. B., Malik, A. K., Kumar, V., Random-Variables and Stochastic Processes, Neelkanth Publisher Jaipur, 2011.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.Programme: M.Sc.Year: IISemester: IIISubject: MathematicsCourse Title: Basics Research Tools

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course is to develop a research orientation among the scholars and to acquaint them with fundamentals of basic computer tools, research tools, indexing of research paper and scientific report writing.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To know about the research tools and indexing of a research paper.

CO2: To know about the fundamentals of basic computer tools and how to use it in research.

CO3: Able to know the writing the research paper and scientific report writing.

CO3: Able to know the writing the research paper and scientific report writing.			
Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Marks: 100 Min. Passing Marks: 36		Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Introduction to Research Tools		
	Research Tools		
Unit I	Introduction, Research tools: S	earching google (query modifiers), MathSciNet,	
	ZMATH.		
	Indexing of Research Paper		
Unit II	Scopus, ISI, Web of Science, Imp	oact factor, h-index, Google Scholar, ORCID, Online	
	and open access journals, Virtual library of various countries.		
Block 2	Computer tools and software		
Unit III	Basic computer tools		
	Computer Networking, Internet, Web Browsers, Search Engines, MS Word: Handling		
	graphics tables and charts, Formatting in MS-Word, MS PowerPoint: Creating Slide		
	Show, Screen Layout and Views, Applying Design Template, MS Excel: Features,		
	Formulas and Functions, Data Analysis and Data Visualization in Excel.		
Unit IV	Scientific Report Writing		
	Scientific writing and presentation, writing a research paper, survey article, thesis		
	writing; LaTeX, PS Tricks etc., us	e and application of Mendeley-software, software for	
	Mathematics: Mathematica /MATLAB /Scilab/GAP.		

Suggested Text Book Readings:

- 1. C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publishers, 2019.
- 2. Kumar. R: Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners, (3rd Edition), SAGE, Inc. 2011
- 3. Creswell. W.: Research Design, Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches (3rdEdition), SAGE,Inc., 2018.
- 4. Shortis, T.: The Language of ICT: Information and Communication Technology, Taylor & Francis, 2016.
- 5. Lamport. L., LaTeX, a Document Preparation System, 2nd Ed., Addison-Wesley, 1994.
- 6. Shortis, T.: The Language of ICT: Information and Communication Technology, Taylor & Francis, 2016.
- 7. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec22_ge28/preview

Note:- In this paper, learner itself study the objectives and prepare a report. The report will be submitted along with assignment to respective study center for evaluation. The maximum marks for evaluation are 100.

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: IV			
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-116N/MAMM- Course Title: Operations Research			
116N			

Course Objectives: The main objective of the course is to presents the theory and techniques of solving operations research problems in linear programming, inventory, simulation, queuing and reliability theory.

- **CO1:** To solve the linear programming problem with revised simplex method, which is very useful for in given problem having large number of variables or constrains involved.
- **CO2:** To have deep insight in solving linear programming problem with duality and sensitivity analysis of the linear programming problem.
- **CO3:** The formulation and solving of applications of operations research like as sequencing, project scheduling, simulation and reliability theory.
- **CO4:** Able to know the inventory, queuing and replacement models with their real life applications.

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Credits: 4 Type of Course: Core		Type of Course: Core		
Max. Mar	ks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36		
Block 1	Introduction to Operations Research			
	History of Operations Research			
Unit I	Introduction, Historical developm	ent, Scope and phases of Operation Research,		
	applications of operations research.			
Unit II	Revised Simplex method			
	Introduction, Revised Simplex me	thod, Computational procedure for solving linear		
	programming problem by Revised	•		
Unit III	Duality in Linear Programming			
	Introduction, Symmetric form, du	al of linear programming problem, primal dual		
	relationship, fundamental theorem	of duality, Dual Simplex method.		
Unit IV	Sensitivity Analysis			
		Change in c_{ij} 's (the coefficients of x_{ij} 's in the		
	objective function), Change in b_{ij} 's	(the right hand side of constraints), Change in a_{ij} 's		
	(the columns of coefficient matrix, deletion and addition of constraints, deletion and			
	addition of decision variables.			
Block 2	Applications of Operations Research			
	Sequencing			
Unit V	· ·	's algorithm for processing n jobs through two		
C III V	machines, Johnson's algorithm for processing n jobs through k machines, processing			
	two jobs through k machines.			
Unit VI	Project Scheduling-I			
		lopment, network, activity, event, Fulkerson's rule		
	for numbering events.			
Unit VII	yg			
Introduction, program evaluation and review techniques, optimum sch				
	critical path method, time-cost optimization algorithm.			
Unit VIII	Simulation			
		pseudo random numbers, Monte Carlo simulation,		
	applications of simulation.			
Unit IX	Reliability Theory			

	Introduction, basic concept of reliability, Hazard rate function, system reliability:
	series and parallel, redundancy, reliability of preventive maintenance.
Block 3	Models in Operations Research
Unit X	Inventory Models
	Introduction, inventory, inventory control, inventory costs, economics order quantity,
	deterministic inventory models with shortages.
Unit XI	Queuing Models
	Introduction, markovian queues, probability distribution of n arrivals, distribution of
	inter-arrivals time, birth and death process.
Unit XII	Replacement Models
	Introduction, replacement policy model, replacement policy when the value of money
	does not change with time, replacement policy when the value of money changes with
	time.

- 1. Yadav, S. R. and Malik, A. K., Operations Research, Oxford University Press, 2014.
- 2. Malik, A. K, Yadav, S. K. and Yadav, S. R. and., Optimization Techniques, Dreamtech Press, 2020.
- 3. Taha, H. A. Operation Research: An Introduction. 9 th edition, Pearson, 2010.
- 4. Gupta, P.K. and Hira, D.S. Introduction to Operations Research, S. Chand & Co. 2008.
- Hardy, G.: Nonlinear and Dynamic Programming (4th edition), Addison-Wesley, Reading Mass, 1974.
- 6. Sharma, J. K., Mathematical Model in Operation Research, Tata McGraw Hill, 1989.
- 7. Swarup, K., Gupta, P.K. and Mohan Man: Operations Research (9th Edition), S.Chand and Sons, NewDelhi, 2002.
- 8. Frederick S. Hillier & Gerald J. Lieberman (2015). Introduction to Operations Research (10th edition). McGraw-Hill Education.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

MBA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics/Statistics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: IV			
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-117N/MAMM- Course Title: Fluid Dynamics			
117N			

Course Objectives: The main aim of this course is to develop the fundamental knowledge and understanding of the mechanics of fluid at rest and in motion to develop the ability to demonstrate and formulate the physical problems encountered in different branches of engineering in mathematical form and arrive at useful solutions.

- **CO1:** Able to understand and apply the basic concepts of fluid mechanics.
- **CO2:** To convert the physical laws of conservation of mass, momentum, moment of momentum and energy into mathematical equations and apply them to describe the fluid motion.
- **CO3:** To describe the motion of ideal and real fluids with different techniques including complex variable technique.
- **CO4:** Able to know and apply the basic flow equations, such as the Navier-Stokes equations to evaluate velocity, pressure drop in simple geometries like laminar flows between parallel plates, axial and transverse flows in pipes and flows in annular region produced.

pia	nes, axiai and transverse nows in pipe	es and flows in annular region produced.	
		Type of Course: Core	
Max. Marks: 100		Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Motion in One Dimension		
	Kinematic (Equations of Motion)		
		Viscosity, Lagrangian method, Eulerian method,	
Unit I	Local and Individual time rates of	change, Acceleration, Kinds of motion, Definition	
	of some curves, Stream line, Path l	ine, Streak line, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector,	
	Beltrami flow.		
Unit II	Kinematic of Fluid in Motion		
		nd Eulerian Equation of continuity, Equation of	
	Continuity in different co-ordinates	s, Symmetrical forms of the equation of continuity.	
Unit III	Equation of Motion		
	Equation of motion, Pressure equation, Lagrangian equation of motion, Bernoulli's		
	equation of motion.		
Unit IV	Equation of Motion of Inviscid Fluid		
	Helmholtz vorticity equation, Cauchy's integrals, Equations for impulsive action,		
	Kelvin's circulation theorem, Equa	ation of energy.	
Block 2	Motion in Two Dimension		
	Source, Sink & Doublets (I)		
Unit V		nge's stream function, Irrotational motion in two	
01110	dimensions, Complex potential, Definition of Source, sinks, doublets, Complex		
	potential due to a source, Complex potential due to doublet.		
Unit VI	Source, Sink & Doublets (II)		
	Image w.r.t straight line, Images w.r.t. to circle, Circle theorem of Milne –Thomson,		
	Blasius Theorem.		
Unit VII	Motion of Sphere		
	Equation of continuity, ϕ for the motion of a sphere with velocity U in a liquid, liquid		
	streaming past a fixed sphere, Equation of sphere.		
Unit VIII	Motion of Cylinder		

	General motion of a cylinder, Kinetic energy, motion of circular cylinder, liquid		
	streaming past a fixed circular cylinder.		
Unit IX	Motion of Elliptic & Parabolic Cylinder		
	Elliptic co-ordinate, Motion of an elliptic cylinder, liquid streaming past a fixed elliptic		
	cylinder, Motion of a parabolic cylinder, liquid streaming past a fixed parabolic		
	cylinder.		
Block 3	Applications of Fluid Dynamics		
Unit X	The Navier Stokes Equations and the Energy Equation		
	The Navier-stokes equation of motion of a viscous fluid(Fundamental equation of		
	motion), The energy equation- conservation of energy, Equation of state for perfect		
	fluid, Diffusion of vorticity, equation for vorticity and circulation, Dissipation of		
	energy, Dissipation of energy in Cartesian form.		
Unit XI	Elementary Notions of Fluid Flow		
	Body forces and surface forces, Nature of stresses, Transformation of stress		
	components, Stress invariants, Principal stresses, Nature of strains, Rates of strain		
	components, Relation between stress and rate of strain components, General		
	displacement of a fluid element, Newton's law of viscosity, Navier- Stokes equation		
	(sketch of proof).		
Unit XII	Normal and Oblique Shock		
	Normal and oblique shocks. Plane Poiseuille and Couette flows between two parallel		
G 4 1	plates. Unsteady flow over a flat plate, Reynold's number.		

- 1. O'Neil, M. E., and Chorlton, F. Ideal and Incompressible Fluid Dynamics. John Wiley & Sons, 1986.
- 2. Kundu, P. K., Cohen, I. M. and Dowling, R. David. Fluid Mechanics, 6th edition, Academic Press, 2015.
- 3. Raisinghania, M.D.: Fluid Dynamics: with Complete Hydrodynamics and Boundary Layer Theory, S. ChandPublishing, 2014
- 4. Yuan, S. W. Foundations of Fluid Mechanics. Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 1976.
- 5. Betchelor, G.K. An Introduction of Fluid Mechanics, Oxford University Books, NewDelhi, 2000.
- 6. Besaint, W.H. and Ramsey, A. S. A Treatise on Hydromechanics, Part II. CBS Publishers, Delhi, 1988.
- 7. Curle, N. and Davies, H. J. Modern Fluid Dynamics. Vol 1, D Van Nostrand Company Ltd, London, 1968.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: NA

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.			
Programme: M.Sc. Year: II Semester: IV			
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-122N/MAMM- Course Title: Dissertation with viva-voce			
122N			

Course Objectives: In the last semester of Masters the main objectives of the exposure of students towards project/dissertation is to elevate their understanding into the applications areas of Mathematics. This course will develop their analytical ability, will provide them an apt exposure to work in any research group, and will motivate them to execute research in the area of their interest in Mathematical sciences.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Students will be able to plan and strategize a scientific problem, and implement it within a reasonable time frame.

CO2: It is expected that after completing this project dissertation, students will learn to work independently and how to keep accurate/readable record of assigned project.

CO3: In addition, students will be able to know the library search and handle the data in a meaningful way. Also, the students will be able to interpret the spectral data independently.

CO4: Subsequently, the students should be able to critically examine research articles, and improve their scientific writing/communication skills and power point presentation.

Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core
Max. Mai	rks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36
	For project work and dissertat	tion, the area of the work to be decided by the
	advisor/mentor.	
Unit I	On completion of the project wo	rk, students have to submit the work in the form of a
	dissertation followed by oral pre-	esentation in the presence of faculty members of the
	School in the University Campus	s Prayagraj.

Suggested Text Book Readings:

- 1. Use different searching engine to get relevant information (Google scholar, Wiki-databases, Science Direct, SciFinder, Scopus, and YouTube.
- 2. Access to different online research library and research portal (Web resources, E-journals, journal access, TOC alerts)

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Open for all

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: II	Semester: IV
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-118N/MAMM-	Course Title: S	Soft Computing
118N		-

Course Objectives: The aim is to equip students with some state-of-the-art artificial intelligence and soft computing technology to prepare them in a better way for the rapidly evolving high-tech information-based modern industry and market.

- **CO1:** The students will be able to know about the concepts of artificial intelligence and implement it.
- **CO2:** This theory provides an excellent tool to handle the vagueness in modern science and technology problems such as optimization techniques, computer science, statistics, economics and medical science.
- **CO3:** Able to know and apply the fuzzy theory, neural network and genetic algorithm in solving applications of real life situations.
- **CO4:** On the basis of this theory many real-life based problems can be solved such as robotics, industrial, management etc.

indus	trial, management etc.	
Credits: 4		Type of Course: Core
Max. Mark		Min. Passing Marks: 36
Block 1	Artificial Intelligence & Soft Computing	
	Introduction of Artificial Intelligence	
	Definitions, Theoretical backgrou	and, AI problem domain, General AI techniques,
Unit I		goal of AI, Criteria of success. Problem state, state
		representation, Production system, control strategy,
	water jug problem, 8-puzzle proble	· ·
	Knowledge Representation Mod	
Unit II	First order predicate logic, clauses	s, inference, rule base system, natural deduction and
	resolution, monotonic reasoning.	
Unit III	Non-Monotonic Reasoning	
		esian network, dependency network, limitation of
		omputing definition, soft computing paradigm,
Block 2	applications, Pattern recognition, pattern classification, association and mapping.	
Unit IV	Fuzzy Set Theory Introduction of Fuzzy Logic	
Cint I V	Uncertainty, Fuzzy set, Crisp vs. fuzzy sets, Membership function, Fuzzy sets and	
	operations, Operations and relations; fuzzy relations, cardinalities, membership	
	functions.	
Unit V	Fuzzy Relations	
Cilit v	•	nzzy membership function formulation and
	J 1 ,	nzzy membership function formulation and I reasoning, Formulation on fuzzy rules, extension
	principle and nested fuzzy relation	•
Unit VI	, ,	S.
Onit vi	Fuzzy Rule Base System Fuzzy if then rules fuzzy informed	a Every informace evetern Defermification methods
	,	e, Fuzzy inference system, Defuzzification methods,
Block 3	Fuzzy control systems, and Applications of Fuzzy control systems.	
Unit VII	Neural Network	
Omit vii	Introduction of Neural Network	
		characteristics of neural networks, simple structure
	of biological neuron and modeling	g of artificial neuron. Difference between ANN and

	biological neural networks, artificial neuron models, artificial neural networks		
	terminology, topology of ANN, Characteristics of ANN and its applications.		
Unit VIII	Activation and Synaptic Dynamics		
	Basic learning laws, Artificial neural network architectures, Basic artificial neural		
	network models, perceptron architecture, Perceptron learning rule, ADLINE		
	architecture, LMS learning rule, Linear classifier, convergence theorem, limitation of		
	perceptron learning, Multi-layer perceptron architecture.		
Unit IX	Pattern Mapping Network		
	Multilayer feed forward neural network architecture, Generalized delta learning rule,		
	Backpropagation learning algorithm and issues, limitation of Backpropagation learning		
	rule, improvement in BP algorithms, momentum term, conjugate descent, reuse		
	gradient, generalization and approximation, ill posing, Radial basis network.		
Block-4	Genetic Algorithm		
Unit X	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm		
Unit X	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm		
Unit X	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		
Unit X	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages,		
Unit X Unit XI	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working		
	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods.		
	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation		
	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation Selection criteria and methods, fitness evaluation function, reproduction, basic genetic		
	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation Selection criteria and methods, fitness evaluation function, reproduction, basic genetic operators, Mutation, selection, crossover. Fitness criteria, convergence of GA,		
Unit XI	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation Selection criteria and methods, fitness evaluation function, reproduction, basic genetic operators, Mutation, selection, crossover. Fitness criteria, convergence of GA, combinatorial optimization.		
Unit XI	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation Selection criteria and methods, fitness evaluation function, reproduction, basic genetic operators, Mutation, selection, crossover. Fitness criteria, convergence of GA, combinatorial optimization. Problem Solution and Genetic Modeling,		
Unit XI	Introduction of Genetic Algorithm Fundamental and basic concepts, terminology, Applications and advantages, Representation of chromosomes and gens, Population representation, working principle, search space, solution state, global vs local optimization, encoding methods. Population Representation Selection criteria and methods, fitness evaluation function, reproduction, basic genetic operators, Mutation, selection, crossover. Fitness criteria, convergence of GA, combinatorial optimization. Problem Solution and Genetic Modeling, Inheritance operator, crossover operator and its various forms, inversion & deletion,		

- 1. Dubosis Didler and Prade, Henri, Fuzzy Sets and systems Theory and Applications, Academioc Press, NewYork, 1980
- 2. Klir . Georage. J and Yuan Bo, Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic: Theory and Applications, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. 2009
- 3. Lee, Kwang H., First Course on Fuzzy Theory and Applications, Springer International Edition, 2009.
- 4. Ross, Timothy J., Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications, McGraw Hills inc., 2004 New Delhi
- 5. Roger, Jyh-Shing; Sun, Chuen-Tsai; Mizutani, Eiji, Neuro-fuzzy and Soft Computing: A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence, MATLAB curriculum series, illustrated, reprint, Prentice Hall, 1997
- 6. Zimmermann, H.J. Fuzzy Set Theory & its Applications, Allied Publishers Ltd. New Delhi, 2006.
- 7. Bart Kosko, Neural Network and Fuzzy Systems- Prentice Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, 1992.
- 8. Simon Haykin, Neural Network- A Comprehensive Foundation- Prentice Hall International, Inc.1998.
- 9. Sivanandam, S.N., Deepa, S. N., Introduction to Genetic Algorithms, Springer India, 2013.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

MCA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics)

Course pre	requisites: To study this course, a stud	lent must have qualif	ied graduation with Mathematics.
Programm	e: M.Sc.	Year: II	Semester: IV
Subject: Mathematics			
Course Code: MSCMM-119N/ MAMM-119N Course Title: Number Theory and Cryptography			
Course Objectives: The main aim of the course is to provide the knowledge of number theory and			
cryptography and how to apply them in solving real life problems.			
Course Ou			
CO1: The s	tudent will be able to understand ab	out the basics conc	ept of number theory.
CO2: The s	CO2: The student shall understand the importance and applications of the Fermat's little theorem and		
Wilson's th	eorem.		
CO3: The s	tudent will get to know about Riem	ann Zeta Function a	and Algebraic Number Theory.
CO4: The s	tudent shall understand the Secret k	ey cryptography an	d Public key cryptography.
Credits: 4		Type of Course:	, ,, , ,
Max. Mark	ks: 100	Min. Passing Ma	
Block 1	Introduction to Number Theory		
	Divisibility		
Unit I		_	eatest common divisor, Euclidean
Cint 1			C, Primes and their distribution,
	Fundamental Theorem of Arithme	etic.	
Unit II	Congruence's		
		•	congruence's, Special divisibility
Unit III	tests, Fermat's factorization metho	od, Fermat's little th	neorem, Wilson's theorem.
Unit III	Theoretical Function	``` ala1 a4? aa daa a4	A widle weath a good Niversham the counting
	Definition and properties of the Dirichlet's product, Arithmetic and Number theoretic		
	functions, functions τ and σ , Mobius Inversion formula, greatest integer function,		
	Euler's Generalization of Fermat's theorem Euler's $\phi(n)$ function, Euler's theorem,		
Unit IV	properties of φ(n) function. Primitives		
	Primitives Primitive roots, the order of an integer modulo n, primitive roots for primes, composite		
	numbers having primitive roots, the theory of Indices.		
Block 2	Fermat Numbers		
	Fermat numbers and Mersenne	numbers	
I India XI	Primes in certain arithmetical pro	ogressions, Fermat	numbers and Mersenne numbers,
Unit V	System of linear congruence's (Chinese Remainder	Theorem, Congruence to prime
	power modulus.		
Unit VI	Quadratic residue and non-resid		
	•		ons, Quadratic Law of Reciprocity
	_ ·		tive roots, group Upn (p-odd) and
	=		esidue, Quadratic residue for prime
Unit VII	power modulii and arbitrary modu	1111.	
Omt VII	Riemann Zeta Function Riemann Zeta Function E(s) and it	g ganyarganaa Amm	diagtion to prime numbers \$ (a) as
			blication to prime numbers, ξ (s) as let's series with simple properties
	Euler's product, Evaluation of $\xi(2)$ and $\xi(2k)$, Dirichlet's series with simple properties, Dirichlet's series as analytic function and its derivative, Euler's products, Introduction		
	to modular forms.	non and its derivati	ve, Luier a products, introduction
Block 3	Algebraic Number Theory		
Unit VIII	Diophantine equations		
	Diophanine equations		

	Diophantine equations, $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ and $x^4 + y^4 = z^4$, representation of number by two or	
	four squares, Waring's problem, Four square theorem, number g(k) & G(k), Lower	
	bounds for $g(k) \& G(k)$.	
Unit IX	Algebraic number and Integers	
	Gaussian integers and its properties, Primes and fundamental theorem in the ring of	
	Gaussian integers, Integers and fundamental theorem in $Q(\omega)$ where ω is third root of	
	unity, algebraic fields, Primitive polynomials, general quadratic field $Q(\sqrt{m})$, Units of	
	$Q(\sqrt{2})$, Fields in which fundamental theorem is false, Real and complex Euclidean fields,	
	Fermat's theorem in the ring of Gaussian integers, Primes of Q(2) and Q(5), Luca's test	
	for the primality of the Mersenne number.	
Block 4	Cryptography	
Unit X	Public Key Cryptography	
Unit X	Public Key Cryptography Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key	
Unit X		
Unit X Unit XI	Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key	
	Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key exchange.	
	Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key exchange. Message Authentication and Hash Functions	
	Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key exchange. Message Authentication and Hash Functions Authentication requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication codes,	
Unit XI	Public-Key Cryptography Principles, RSA, Key Management: Diffi-Hellman key exchange. Message Authentication and Hash Functions Authentication requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication codes, Hash Functions, SHA-1 and MD5.	

- 1. Burton, D. M. Elementary Number Theory. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing House, 2006.
- 2. Apostol, T. M. Introduction to Analytic Number Theory. Springer 2014.
- 3. Davenport, H. Higher Arithmetic. Cambridge University Press, 1999.
- 4. Hardy, G. H. and Wright, E. M. Theory of Numbers. Oxford Science Publications, 2003.
- 5. Niven, I. and Zuckerman, H. S. Introduction to the Theory of Numbers. John Wiley & Sons, 2008.

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects:

MCA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: II	Semester: IV
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-120N/MAMM-	Course Title: M	achine Learning Techniques
120N		-

Course Objectives: The aim is to equip students with some state-of-the-art machine learning techniques to prepare them in a better way for the rapidly evolving high-tech information-based modern industry and market.

- CO1: The students will be able to know about the concepts of machine learning techniques and implement it.
- CO2: This theory provides an excellent tool to handle the vagueness in modern science and technology problems such as optimization techniques, computer science, statistics, economics and medical science.

		problems and real-world problems by using machine-	
	learning techniques. CO4: This course has high rate of employability due to its great applicability in engineering.		
Credits: 4	course has high rate of employable	Type of Course: Core	
Max. Mar	Izg. 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Artificial Intelligence & Soft Computing		
DIOCK 1	Introduction		
		bes of learning, Problems, Definition of learning	
Unit I		s of machine learning. Aspects of developing a	
	•	oncept representation, function approximation.	
Unit II	Computational Learning Theo	11	
	•	correct (PAC) learning model, Probabilistic Data	
		ted Risk, Stability, Overfitting, Regularization, Bias	
		learest centroid, Least squares. Computational	
	complexity.	, 1	
Unit III	Memory based methods		
	Nearest neighbour, k-nearest i	neighbours, Feature maps, Representer theorem,	
	Kernels, Hypothesis space, Loss	function, Target function.	
Unit IV	Regression		
	Introduction to regression, usage of regression, types of regression, linear regression,		
	multi-linear regression, Logistic regression, Polynomial regression, Ridge and Lasso		
	regression, Evaluation of regression.		
Unit V	Classification		
	Introduction to classification, Multi-class classification, Decision boundaries;		
	Probability and classification, Bayes optimal decisions, Naive Bayes and Gaussia		
	The state of the s	Linear classifiers, Bayes' Rule and Naive Bayes	
	Model, Gradient descent.		
	Decision Tree Learning		
Unit VI		ion trees, Recursive induction of decision trees,	
		ute: entropy and information gain, Searching for	
Unit VII	simple trees and computational complexity, Overfitting, noisy data, and pruning.		
Unit vii	Ensemble Learning Standard anomble learning et	rategies, Bagging, Boosting, Stacking, Decorate,	
		Boosting: Concept of boosting, weak learnability,	
		cation, Model selection, Validation, Train-validation	
	split, Regularization, Stability.	ation, wouch sciection, valuation, fram-valuation	
<u> </u>	spirit, regularization, stability.		

Unit VIII	Bagging and Random Forest
	Bagging for classification, Issues with Bagging, Introduction to Random forest,
	Bagging vs. Random Forest, Out-of-Bag (OOB) error estimation, Variable
	importance measures, Majority voting, Soft Majority Voting, Random Forest
	Algorithm, Tuning random forest, Random forest issues.
Unit IX	Support Vector Machines
	Support vectors, Hyperplane, Kernel for learning non-linear functions, Different
	types of kernels, Parameter tuning, Generative vs. discriminative training, Multi-class
	support vector machine (SVM), SVM for classification, Support vector for
	regression.
Unit X	Clustering and Unsupervised Learning
	Learning from unclassified data. Clustering. Hierarchical Aglomerative clustering, k-
	means clustering, partitional clustering, Expectation maximization (EM) for soft
	clustering, Semi-supervised learning with EM using labeled and unlabled data.
Unit XI	Language Learning
	Classification problems in language: word-sense disambiguation, sequence labeling.
	Hidden Markov models (HMM's). Veterbi algorithm for determining most-probable
	state sequences. Forward-backward EM algorithm for training the parameters of
	HMM's. Use of HMM's for speech recognition, part-of-speech tagging, and
	information extraction.
Unit XII	Programming Languages for Machine Learning
	Python Ecosystem for Machine Learning: Python, SciPy, scikit-learn, Python
	Ecosystem Installation. Crash Course in Python: Assignment, Flow Control, Data
	Structures. NumPy Crash Course: Create Array, Access Data, and Arithmetic.
	Matplotlib Crash Course: Line Plot, Scatter Plot. Pandas Crash Course: Series, Data
	Frame.

- 1. Goldberg D.E., Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning, Addison Wesley, 1989.
- 2. Deisenroth, M. P., Faisal, A, A, Ong, C. S., Mathematics for Machine Learning, Cambridge University Press, 2020
- 3. Shing, Jyh., Jang Roger, Mizutani Eiji., Sun, Chuen-Tsai, Neuro-fuzzy and Soft Computing: A Computational, Prentice Hall, Inc., 2007
- 4. Miroslav Kubat, An Introduction to Machine Learning, Springer International Publishing AG, 2016
- 5. Roger, Jyh-Shing; Sun, Chuen-Tsai; Mizutani, Eiji, Neuro-fuzzy and Soft Computing: A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence, *MATLAB curriculum series*, illustrated, reprint, Prentice Hall, 1997
- 6. Zimmermann, H.J. Fuzzy Set Theory & its Applications, Allied Publishers Ltd.New Delhi, 2006

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: MCA/M.Sc. (Data Science & Analytics)

Course prerequisites: To study this course, a student must have qualified graduation with Mathematics.		
Programme: M.Sc.	Year: II	Semester: IV
Subject: Mathematics		
Course Code: MSCMM-121N/MAMM-	Course Title: Vo	edic Mathematics
121N		

Course Objectives: The aim of this course is to develop fast mathematical thinking and enhance computational abilities.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1:** The students will be able to know about the concepts of Vedic mathematics and use it.
- **CO2:** This theory is provide in order to speed up calculations in internet security and cryptographic algorithms, Vedic mathematics division, exponentiation, and multiplication are being used.
- **CO3:** Able to know the arithmetic and logic unit in a computer handles all aspects of logical and mathematical calculations. Various sutras including udharvtriyakbhyam and nikhilam are used for multiplication methods.

CO4: Students will be able to utilize Vedic sutras to enhance their skills for competitive exams and able to solve examinations more efficiently.

Credits: 4	acte to sorve examinations more en	Type of Course: Core	
Max. Marl	ks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: 36	
Block 1	Indian Mathematician and their contributions		
	Contribution of the Indian Mathematician		
Unit I	(1) Bhaskarachaary-II (2) Arya Butta (3) Varahmihir (4) Bodhayan (5) Sriniv		
Omt 1	Ramanujan		
	(6) Bharti Krishna Tirtha		
Unit II	Introduction of Vedic Mathem	atics	
	Introduction of Vedic Mathema	tics, Sankalan, Vyavkalan, Friend and Fast Friend,	
	Complements, Beejank, Deviation	on Methods	
Unit III	Basic Vedic Mathematics		
	Vedic Mathematics Sutra and Su	bsutra with explanation.	
Block 2	Vedic Arithmetic		
	Simple Calculation on Vedic M		
Unit IV	<u> </u>	Counting, Vinnuculum, Tables Writing, Addition,	
	Subtraction.		
	Multiplication and Division in Vedic Mathematics		
Unit V	_ ·	, Division by Vedic Sutras, Flag Method, Test of	
	Divisibility, Mixed Operations.		
TT 1. TT	Squaring and Cubing Method		
Unit VI	Square of Numbers and Square roots of perfect square numbers. Cubing: Cube of		
DI 1 2	Numbers and Cube roots of perfect cube numbers, mixed operation.		
Block 3 Unit VII	Vedic Algebra		
Omt vn	Recognizable patterns on Vedic Mathematics		
Unit VIII	Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division of Algebraic Expression. Algebraic Expansion of Vedic Mathematics		
Omt viii			
Unit IX	LCM, HCF of algebraic expressions, Partial Fractions.		
Omt IX	Solution of Algebraic Equations		
Block 4	Solution of Quadratic Equation, Solution of rational fraction.		
	Vedic Geometry and Trigonon	netry	
Unit X	Bhodhayan Numbers		
	Bhodhayan Numbers and its application to find trigonometrical ratios.		

Unit XI	Vedic Geometry
	Co-ordinate geometry, Area of Triangles, Collinear points, Area of Quadrilateral.
Unit XII	Introduction of Meruprastara
	Meruprastara, Importance and applications of Meruprastara.

- 1. Bharti Krishna Trith Ji "Vedic Ganit" Moti Lal Banarasi Das , Delhi, India, 1991,First Edition.
- 2. Uppadhya B.L. "Prachin Bharatiya Ganit" Vigyan Bharti, New Delhi, India.
- 3. Mohan Braj "History of Mathematics" Hindi Samiti Information Department U.P., India.
- 4. Handa Nidhi "Ancient Hindu Mathematics an Introduction" Oshina Publications, Indore (MP), India, 2018, FirstEdition.
- 5. "Vedic Ganit Nirdeshika" Vidya Bharti Sanskriti Shiksha Sansthan, Haryana, India, 2017, Seventh Edition.
- 6. Singh Shivraj, Kumar Anil, Gupta Soniya, Yadav Rashmi "Vedic Ganit", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, India, 2022, First Edition.
- 7. Chauthaiwale, Shriram" "Enjoy Vedic Mathematics" Art of Living international Bangluru, India
- 8. Chauthaiwale, Shriram, Verma, Deviprasadand and Deshmukh, Devendra, "Eminent Bharatiya Mathematicians".

This course can be opted as an elective by the students of following subjects: Open for all

APPENDIX-II

Guidelines for preparing Research Project/Dissertation is available at link:

http://14.139.237.190/upload_pdf/01_02_2023_Guidelines_fo_Project_Lit_Survey_Dissertation.pdf